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SECOND EDITION REVISED

## HAMDEN L. FORKNER

## FORKNER PUBLISHING COMPANY



# Forkner Alphabet Shorthand 

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The only system of shorthand that combines the best features
of symbols systems with easily written longhand letters.

## REVISED

SECOND EDITION

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by
Hamden L. Foriner

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## Publisbed by <br> Forkner Publishing Company, Inc. <br> 106 Morningside Drive New York 27, New York

Lithoprinted in U.S.A.
EDWARDS BROTHERS, INC.
Ann Arbor, Michigan

## FORKNER SHORTHAND

## PREFACE

FORKNER SHORTHAND has utilized in its construction and development the major researches in vocabulary, speech sounds, letter frequencies, and machines which actually measure the writing time of longhand and shorthand symbols.

FORKNER SHORTHAND is designed for speeds up to one hundred twenty words a minute. Research studies have shown that office dictation rarely exceeds one hundred words a minute. Where higher speeds are required dictation machines of the recording type and shorthand machines are rapidly becoming common.

The high percentage of failures in learning the typical symbol systems is due largely to the inability of most students to learn symbols and to be able to write them rapidly. Failures are also due to the inability of many students to memorize brief forms and shortcuts. FORKNER SHORTHAND capitalizes on the fact that the student already writes longhand. The simplicity of the system leads to rapid learning.

FORKNER SHORTHAND has been developed on the logical premise that it is a waste of time and a burden on the memory to learn shorthand characters for sounds that can be rapidly and easily expressed by longhand characters which the learner can already make at high speeds. Where longhand characters are complicated or require a number of strokes to write, a symbol has been substituted. The symbols are those that the student already knows, such as the dash, the kyphen, the apostrophe, and the comma.

One semester in day or evening classes is sufficient for most students to attain employable skills provided they know how to typewrite well when they begin the study of FORKNER SHORTHAND.

The text is divided into two parts. Part I presents the principles of the system, together with extensive dictation and transcription practice. The first business-letter dictation begins with Lesson 5 and continues in every 4th or fth lesson throughout the text. On the completion of Part I the student has a writing vocabulary of over 2000 words.

Part II contains a series of business and personal letters for advanced dictation and transcription practice. These lettess provide new vocabulary practice. When Parts I and II are completed the learner has a shorthand vocabulary of over 3000 of the most commonly used words in business. Reliable estimates indicate that familiarity with these 3000 words pro vides the stenographer with 97 per cent of all ordinary dictated words.

A mastery of the rules and vocabulary of Parts I and II makes it possible for the shorthand writer to handle simple business letters as well as technical dictation.

The last section of the text contains a vocabulary with shorthand outlines of $\mathbf{3 0 0 0}$ most-used words plus additional words used to illustrate the principles of the system.

## INTRODUCTION

Since writing was first invented, man has attempted to develop systems of taking down the words of others as rapidly as they were spoken. Many of these attempts have been highly successful and their inventors have contributed much to man's progress in the field of rapid writing.

With the development of modern recording devices, which not only reproduce the speaker's voice but also his points of emphasis, the need for thousands of hours of study to become a verbatim reporter has practically ended. The businessman, however, still needs someone in his office to take care of callers, file his correspondence, keep his appointment calendar in order, and answer his telephone. If he can employ a stenographer to do all of these things and also take and transcribe his letters he will often use shorthand in preference to other methods.

Thousands of young people and adults begin the study of shorthand every year. A large percentage of them never become able to take dictation at business speeds because of the necessity of learning a new language. For too many this proves to be either too difficult or it takes too long.

After a number of years of intensive research and experimentation the author of FORKNER SHORTHAND has developed a system of writing that is based largely on what the learner already knows-how to write longhand.

FORKNER SHORTHAND is a scientific combination of longhand letters and a few symbols to form a system of rapid writing. The fact that longhand letters are used for writing most words makes it easy for the student to learn to write FORKNER SHORTHAND rapidly and to read it readily. The student no longer must read in one language and think in another. He no longer needs to memorize long lists of abbreviations represented by symbols. The teacher no longer needs to spend long hours learning the system before he can teach it. FORKNER SHORTHAND is based on what the learner already knows, and by a gradual process of simple learning steps he rapidly becomes able to take dictation at business rates. The teacher learns the system as he teaches it-it is so simple.

A large number of dictation tests were given to high school students and adults to determine how rapidly different people could take dictation in longhand. With very little practice, many could write at forty words a minute or better. FORKNER SHORTHAND requires about one-third of the motions used in writing longhand. Therefore, it has a potential rate of about three times one's longhand rate. Many have found it easy to reach rates of 120 words a minute.

FORKNER SHORTHAND is the first shorthand system to utilize what is known about how people develop skill in taking dictation and in transcribing. Students take dictation and transcribe business letters from the first week. Theory is not separated from practice but instead it is woven into the learning steps.

Each lesson that presents principles consists of reading exercises that are designed to help the learner to discover principles for himself instead of the traditional plan of having the student learn the rules and then to attempt to put them into use. Immediately following the reading exercises, the student compares his discoveries of principles with examples that illustrate the principles and give further practice in fixing the principles in mind.

Vocabulary review and vocabulary building lessons appear frequently throughout the text. Many of the words that appear in the lessons are used in speed-building business dictation and transcription lessons that appear after each fourth or fifth lesson. These dictation and transcription lessons are designed to develop high transcription and dictation rates.

Vocabulary. The root of every word that appears in the text is shown in the vocabulary section beginning on page 85. In many cases the word-endings such as plurals, past tenses, ly, tion, er, and ing are also given. This list contains the root of all the first 3000 most-used words, plus a number of additional words to illustrate the flexibility of FORKNER SHORTHAND for technical types of dictation.

Summary of Principles. Immediately following the vocabulary at the back of the book is a complete list of the principles of FORKNER SHORTHAND. This list is presented for the purpose of ready reference for the student. It is not intended as part of the lessons nor is it intended that the student will memorize it.

The organization of the lessons is the result of intensive research and experimentation in the field of learning. The student will soon discover that he can learn the system with little effort. Each step in each lesson is so clearly stated and carefully illustrated that there are no unanswered questions.

Part I of the text is organized on a cycle plan as follows:

1. Several theory lessons are presented in each cycle, each of which contains sentence dictation material for study, transcription and dictation practice. Each of these Reading and Rule Discovery lessons should be practiced until the student can take them at from sixty to eighty words a minute. The materials are marked off in units of twenty standard words. A standard word contains 1.4 syllables.
2. Vocabulary Building and Review lessons are then presented that further develop the principles and increase the writing and reading vocabulary.
3. Business Dictation and Transcription Skill-building materials then follow. These materials contain only those words that have been introduced previously.

This cycle of lessons is continued throughout the seventy-three lessons of Part I.
Each lesson is introduced with specific instructions to the student. Experience thus far has shown that the best results are achieved when these instructions are followed in detail.

It is desirable for the student to have the use of a typewriter from the first lesson if at all possible. Best results are obtained when the student can type well before he begins his shorthand studies.

Schedules. The lessons in Part I are designed to be completed in approximately fifteen weeks. Plan to cover the cycle of the Reading and Rule Discovery lessons, the Vocabulary Review and Drill lesson, and the Speed-building Dictation and Transcription lesson in one week. This schedule is flexible and can be altered to meet the ability and time allotments of the student. Many of the most able students will not need to go beyond Part I in order to hold beginning stenographic jobs.

Part II of the text, as discussed in the Preface and in the Introduction to Part II, on page 75, is designed for those who want more extensive dictation and transcription practice. Part II could well be integrated into a second semester combination of dictation-transcription development and secretarial practice. If this plan is followed, the student will, at the end of thirty-six weeks, be comparable in secretarial skills to those who study traditional shorthand systems for four semesters plus a semester of secretarial practice.

FORKNER SHORTHAND makes it possible to learn a shorthand system which can be used in business and still have time in the high school or college program for the general education and academic courses that are needed. It is no longer necessary to take two full years to learn shorthand.

For best results, the instructions given at the beginning of each exercise should be followed. In all note-taking, the student should begin to use what he has learned along with his regular longhand notes. This will assist him in becoming thoroughly familiar with the system in a short time.

The Author

## ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

Creative and inventive efforts are usually inspired by associates, experiences, and environment.

Among my associates who contributed to whatever efforts these pages represent are my good friend and expert teacher, Miss Jean Hanna of Phoenix College, Phoenix, Arizona, who helped construct the lesson materials; my son, Irvine H. Forkner, also of Phoenix College, who wrote the plates for the Experimental Edition and who taught the first teachertraining classes and classes for adults; Dean Arthur Pike of Stevens Business College, Fitchburg, Massachusetts, who has continued experimentation in the teaching of FORKNER SHORTHAND in his college; the many teachers in high schools, adult classes, and colleges who have been brave enough to be willing to break with tradition to try something new; and finally my good friend and adviser, Dr. Alice L. Holst, of Pacific Union College, Angwin, California, who has given many constructive suggestions, has experimented untiringly with the system, and has, with exceptional precision and accuracy, assisted in the preparation of this edition for printing.

The experiences that have contributed most to these efforts have been those connected with over thirty-five years of shorthand teaching, study, research and teacher training. These experiences led to the realization that no major progress had been made in developing a better system of universal handwriting that would be easy to learn at all ages, fast to write and yet be adapted to business or professional use. This system of shorthand has all the elements for universal usage for all occidental languages.

The environment that contributed to these efforts includes those high schools where I taught for many years and where I was always given encouragement to try to find better ways to do what needed to be done. The most influential environment, however, has been Teachers College, Columbia University, where innovations, experimentation, and fearless attacks on outmoded traditions and practices are the very life of that great institution.
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## SIMPLIFICATION OF LONGHAND LETTERS USED IN FORKNER SHORTHAND

(When longhand letters are written, they are simplified as shown below.)


## FORKNER SHORTHAND

## PART I

## LESSON 1


#### Abstract

FORKNER SHORTHAND is easy to learn because it makes use of already familiar longhand letters of the alphabet, combined with a few new shorthand forms.


All shorthand systems depend largely upon sound instead of spelling. Listen for the sounds and then write what you hear. For example, the word know is made up of two sounds-n and 0 ; the word langh is made up of three sounds-l, a, and f . Write only these sounds.

Avoid all extra lines and strokes that most people use when writing longhand. Thus, instead of writing a for a, when this letter is the initial letter or stands alone, write $a$. Instead of writing $\mathcal{f}$ for $f$, when this letter is the initial letter or stands alone, write $f \quad$. Instead of writing $g$ for $g$, when this letter is the initial letter or stands alone, write only 9 . Note that the beginning and ending strokes are omitted. Do the same for all letters. In the examples given on the following pages, unnecessary strokes are omitted.

Most students write much more slowly than is necessary for good writing. Also nearly everyone can improve the quality of his handwriting. Since this system of shorthand is mostly longhand, it is necessary to increase your normal speed of writing as well as to be certain your writing is clear at all times.

As a first assignment, write the letters of the alphabet as you normally do. Have someone time you to see how many of the letters you can write in one minute by writing each letter separately from the others. Now try the same exercise again to see how many letters you can write in one minute when you join the letters. Practice this a little each day to see if you can double your original speed.

As a second assignment, write each of the letters of the alphabet separately and avoid putting beginning or ending strokes to the letters. An easy way to write the letters of the alphabet, when they are used in FORKNER SHORTHAND, is shown on the opposite page. Practice this exercise each day for two or three weeks until you break the old habit of writing extra strokes.

You will notice as you learn this system of shorthand that the sounds of the letters $a, 0, m$, and short $i$ are represented by symbols instead of being written in longhand. This was done because research showed that most of these letters take too long to write and they occur very often. As you become familiar with the system you will often not need to write the symbols because the meaning will make clear what the word is. But the symbols are useful when you wish to make sure you can read a word that is not familiar to you or when you need to write a list of items.

As you become skilled in writing FORKNER SHORTHAND you will discover that you can easily recognize many words without their vowels, even when the vowels are sounded. You will find it advantageous to write only the parts of the word which are essential to rapid reading. This principle is followed in this text.

A few common words make up a large percentage of all words used in business. Abbreviations are used for many common words to save writing time. For example, the word can is abbreviated and is expressed by the letter c, thus $\mathbf{C}$. When writing FORKNER SHORTHAND you will use the ordinary abbreviations that you already know for the days of the week or months of the year, except that you will not use capital letters as they take too much time.

Capitals are not used in the ordinary sense. Write small letters at the beginning of sentences because they are faster to write. In some cases capitals are used to represent combinations of letters.

## reading and rule discovery exercise

(1) Read each sentence until it can be read without referring to the print.
(2) Try to discover the rule that applies to the writing of each word. For example, in the first two sentences, you discover the following:

The word do is expressed by the letter d d The word you is expressed by
The sound of $o$ is expressed by
The ordinary question mark is used' except the dot is omitted ?
The word can is expressed by the letter $c$
The pronoun I is expressed by a small undotted i
The sound of a is expressed by
(3) Study the rules and examples below the reading exercise.
(4) Read each sentence again several times until the rules are understood.
(5) Write the sentences from dictation until they can be written rapidly.

Do you know? Can I pay you? I can pay you. Do you know I can pay you? I know I can
 pay. Do you know you can pay? I can see you. Can you see? Can you pay a fee? I
c $p^{\prime}$ 'fe. $d$, $n$, ${ }^{\prime} p^{\prime}$, fe?
can pay a fee. Do you know you can pay a fee? (38 words)

Note: The small raised numbers mark the dictation off in groups of 20 standard words, or 28 syllables. To dictate at 80 w . $\mathbf{p}$. $\mathbf{m}$. dictate each group in 15 seconds, to dictate at 100 w. p. $\mathbf{m}$. dictate each group of $\mathbf{2 8}$ syllables in $\mathbf{1 2}$ seconds.

## WRITING PRINCIPLES



## LESSON 2

## READING AND RULE DISCOVERY EXERCISE

(1) Read each sentence until it can be read without referring to the print.
(2) Try to discover the rule that applies to the writing of each word.
(3) Study the rules and examples below the reading exercise.
(4) Read each sentence again several times until the rules are understood.
(5) Write the sentences from dictation until they can be written rapidly.


May I pay you? When may I pay you? Can you pay me more? We can pay you more.
 I would like to pay you more. I would ${ }^{2}$ like to know. Do you like to work? Will you
work for me? I will work for you. Will you pay me for my work? ( 37 words)
WRITING PRINCIPLES


## USING VOWELS

One of the important features of this system of shorthand is its flexibility in the use of vowels. That is why the vowels $a_{2}$ short $i_{2}$, , and $u$ are detached.

This system makes it possible for the writer to insert the vowel or omit it, depending upon his familiarity with the words he writes. Thus when writing familiar material the writer can attain high speeds because he does not need to write the vowels.

When words are presented in list form in the lessons or in the vocabulary at the end of the text, the vowels are usually inserted. Vowels are usually omitted, however, in the sentence material if the words can easily be recognized by their use in the sentence.

## LESSON 3

## READING AND RULE DISCOVERY EXERCISE

(1) Read each sentence until it can be read without referring to the print.
(2) Try to discover the rule that applies to the writing of each word.
(3) Study the rules and examples below the reading exercise.
(4) Read each sentence again several times until the rules are understood.
(5) Write the sentences from dictation until they can be written rapidly.

 this. This would cut the sale. They could sell some for us. I will pay you to sell
some for me. I hope I can make a sale. Sell them some, if you can. ( 37 words) WRITING PRINCIPLES

## Punctuation Marks When the comma is written it is circled 0



VOCABULARY BUILDING
Vocabulary building exercises appear frequently throughout the text for the purpose of increasing the writing and reading ability. These exercises consist of those words that are frequently used and which do not appear in the dictation exercises in the various lessons, or in the vocabulary drills.


## LESSON 4

## VOCABULARY REVIEW AND DRILL

(Abbreviated words are underlined)
(1) Cover the printed words and practice reading the shorthand words rapidly.
(2) Cover the shorthand words and practice writing the shorthand several times.


SAVING TIME BY JOINING WORDS
When taking dictation, the stenographer can often save a great deal of time by joining common words instead of lifting the pen after each word. In the letters that follow there are a number of instances in which time can be saved by joining words. This is called "phrasing." Practice the phrases below until they can be written and read rapidly.

## COMMON PHRASES

Phrases sometimes contain abbreviations for words which would not be abbreviated when standing alone. Example: dear is written der and sir is written $\rho 2$, but Dear Sir, because of its frequent use, is written ds.

| as well as | s | I could | ucd | this time | tele |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dear Sir | ds | I know | m, | to sell | Lsl |
| 1 am | L | in this | no | would like | dlc |
| 1 can | uc | in this case | ntac's | Yours truly | $y$ |

## LESSON 5

## SPEED-BUILDING BUSINESS DICTATION AND TRANSCRIPTION

(1) Study the shorthand notes below until they can be read rapidly and easily.
(2) Type or write each letter first from the print and then from the shorthand notes with the print covered until the typing or writing from the notes is as fast as from the print. (The underlined words in the printed copy are to be joined when taking dictation. Do not underline them as you type or write the longhand.)
(3) Practice taking dictation at 60,80 , and 100 words a minute.
(4) Compare your notes with the text, and correct any errors.

Dear Sir: I would like for you to sell some more ice for us. I can delay this work for this time for you. Do you know ${ }^{1}$ when you can sell for us? I know you will sell as well as you can. There is more to sell if you like this work. I will pay you for this work. Yours truly, (45 words)

Dear Sir: I am in this to work with you. I could delay this sale for them this time. They say this sale will cut that delay ${ }^{2}$ for us. They say there are too few to sell, yet I know there are more to sell if they will work with us. In this case ${ }^{2}$ it may work well for us. Yours truly, (46 words)

READING AND TRANSCRIPTION EXERCISE



## VOCABULARY BUILDING

(1) Cover the printed words and practice reading the shorthand words rapidly.
(2) Cover the shorthand words and practice writing the shorthand several times.


## LESSON 6

## READING AND RULE DISCOVERY EXERCISE

(1) Read each sentence until it can be read without referring to the print.
(2) Try to discover the rule that applies to the writing of each word.
(3) Study the rules and examples below the reading exercise.
(4) Read each sentence again several times until the rules are understood.
(5) Write the sentences from dictation until they can be written rapidly.

I will pay you by check. Will the check be for much? Each check will be for you.


You will get a check daily. Will you charge ${ }^{1}$ me much? Only this check will be for

$$
\therefore \text {. } t \text { nev c' } t \rightarrow \text {. Ls 'by } \approx \text {. }
$$ you. They nearly came with me. It is a large check. John will pay you. When will


John ${ }^{2}$ pay you? Which day will John pay you? (45 words)

## WRITING PRINCIPLES

## $\frac{\text { Shorthand Forms }}{\text { ch }}$

j, soft $g$
y
ry

Proper Names

Abbreviations

The sound formed by the ch combination of letters is expressed by the letter $c$ with an $\underline{h}$ through it: check ec charge fir much $c$ which $e$
Note: The line through the $£$ can often be written as a part of the previous or following stroke: much which eff The sounds expressed by $i$ and soft $g$ are written with the letter i without the dot: charge eq large by
When $y$ is sounded at the end of words, it is expressed by adding $e$ to the previous letter or symbol: funny fire many ne

When a word ends in the syllable by it is expressed by a short dash placed immediately after the last longhand letter or symbol: daily $d^{\prime}$ largely fy nearly met only $n-\quad$ timely $L^{-}$
A small check mark placed under a word indicates that it is to be capitalized: John $\gamma \underset{\sim}{n}$ June $K$ by $V$ be $l$ each $\epsilon$

## LESSON 7

## READING AND RULE DISCOVERY EXERCISE

(1) Read each sentence until it can be read without referring to the print.
(2) Try to discover the rule that applies to the writing of each word.
(3) Study the rules and examples below the reading exercise.
(4) Read each sentence again several times until the rules are understood.
(5) Write the sentences from dictation until they can be written rapidly.


Will you change this check? I will arrange the sale for you. How much will you pay?

I hope you had a good time. We had seven ${ }^{1}$ for lunch. Will you give me the check
 now? We will arrange for nine. I only hope you can come. Which of you will be

home? We will go over to your home in an hour. We will go after you in about an

hour. Will you and John ${ }^{3}$ come with me? ( 62 words)

## WRITING PRINCIPLES

## $\frac{\text { Shorthand Forms }}{\text { age }}$

au, ow

Joining $h$ to $m$

Numbers

Abbreviations

The sound formed by the combination of the letters $n$ and soft $g$ and the preceding vowel is expressed by placing a dot over the $j$ : change Ej arrange ' M
The sound formed by the combinations of on and ow, as in how and house, are expressed by writing a small letter 으 how 0 now no house 0

The $\underline{h}$ is joined to $\underline{m}$ by using a slight jog between the short line for $\underline{h}$ and the longer line for $\underline{m}$ : home,

All the numbers except one are written in regular longhand form. The word or number one alone is written . In number combinations always use the figure 1 , such as $112,701$.


## LESSON 8

## VOCABULARY REVIEW AND DRILL

## (Abbreviated words are underlined)

(1) Cover the printed words and practice reading the shorthand words rapidly.
(2) Cover the shorthand words and practice writing the shorthand several times.
(Copy II)


## COMMON PHRASES

## each day ed' <br> more than - In <br> this mail to ' 1 <br> to do <br> to our $l_{0}$ will be <br>  <br> VOCABULARY BUILDING

(1) Cover the printed words and practice reading the shorthand words rapidly.
(2) Cover the shorthand words and practice writing the shorthand several times.

| apply | pl | eye |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| become fec | fair fr |  |
| bed | bd | fall fl |
| deal | del | firm fir |
| December | dec | floor fir |
| decide | dee | Friday free |

Months and days


Use the abbreviations you already know for months and days, exsept do not use capital letters. Place a small check mark below the abbreviation to show that it is a proper name.

## LESSON 9

## SPEED-BUILDING BUSINESS DICTATION AND TRANSCRIPTION

(1) Study the shorthand notes below until they can be read rapidly and easily.
(2) Type or write each letter first from the print and then from the shorthand notes with the print covered until the typing or writing from the notes is as fast as from the print. (The underlined words in the printed copy are to be joined when taking dictation. Do not underline them as you type or write the longhand.)
(3) Practice taking dictation at 60,80 , and 100 words a minute.
(4) Compare your notes with the text, and correct any errors.

Dear Sir: This new office is nearly big enough. Will you arrange this new office for me? With this change you will be ${ }^{\text {in }}$ charge of our office and you will value each hour. It will be a big day for you. Our mail will be taken over ${ }^{2}$ to this office each day. We will weigh it daily, too. We value our office mail. I had more than enough for ${ }^{3}$ this mail. Yours truly, ( 63 words)

Dear Sir: Will you work with me now? About how much work will you do? We had only this work to do over. Take more time daily, and do your work well.

After this you will come to our office and check my work. We hope you will then go ${ }^{2}$ over to your office and that you will go on with your work. Which one of you will come with me? Yours truly, ( 58 words)

READING AND TRANSCRIPTION EXERCISE
Note: A paragraph is indicated by //



## LESSON 10

## READING AND RULE DISCOVERY EXERCISE

(1) Read each sentence until it can be read without referring to the print.
(2) Try to discover the rule that applies to the writing of each word.
(3) Study the rules and examples below the reading exercise.
(4) Read each sentence again several times until the rules are understood.
(5) Write the sentences from dictation until they can be written rapidly.


The copy will be in your office when you come in. I will pay you the money. It will be

a long time. Everything ${ }^{1}$ will be ready for you. It seems nothing was ready. Can I do

anything for you? I would like for you to ${ }^{2}$ do something for me some day. Every day
 will bring something new. He will go out when you are ready. He made six copies of
$\qquad$
the thing. ( 62 words)

## WRITING PRINCIPLES

Shorthand Forms
ing, ing, thing

8, $\mathbf{z}$
adding 8

The combinations ing, ing, and thing and the preceding vowel are


The hard sound of $s$ and the sound $\underline{z}$ are expressed by the letter $\underline{z}$ : was lose miser $/ 9$ gr ease eq
Adding s to root words to form plurals or possessives, or to change verb forms: (1) If a word ends in a letter of the alphabet or a joined symbol, write a long upward stroke joined to the last letter or character: offices, fid comes brings he seems se
checks ec longs checks fy longs l (2) if the last characters y copies ce/ sells se /(2) If the last character of a word is a disjoined symbol, repeat the symbol: pay $\rho^{\prime}$ pays $\rho^{\prime \prime}$ new $n$, news $n_{n}$

## LESSON 11

## READING AND REVIEW EXERCISE

Practice reading and taking dictation of the sentences and words until they can be read and written rapidly without refaring to the print.
! 9 l sch 'gm. ecng bf - pc s dm. e lc - cor He will go to school again. He cannot go before the work is done. He will take the car
 today. He was here four ${ }^{1}$ days ago with him. Who will take care of this item? What
 way will he go? I will go within five days, therefore anything ${ }^{2}$ you do for him will be fen.
fine. (46 words)

## VOCABULARY REVIEW AND DRILL <br> (Abbreviated words are underlined)

(1) Cover the printed words and practice reading the shorthand words rapidly.
(2) Cover the shorthand words and practice writing the shorthand several times.


## LESSON 12

## SPEED-BUILDING BUSINESS DICTATION AND TRANSCRIPTION

(1) Study the shorthand notes below until they can be read rapidly and easily.
(2) Type or write each letter first from the print and then from the shorthand notes with the print covered until the typing or writing from the notes is as fast as from the print. (The underlined words in the printed copy are to be joined when taking dictation. Do not underline them as you type or write the longhand.)
(3) Practice taking dictation at 60,80 , and 100 words a minute.
(4) Compare your notes with the text, and correct any errors.

Dear Sir: The school will take more and more care to see that it is done well. Before long the school will arrange for him to ${ }^{1}$ do it every day for money. Therefore, nothing will be done about it now. They will copy this item for you ${ }^{2}$ today.

They will take the car to school every day. They will do it this way again and again. I will arrange to ${ }^{3}$ go. Everything will go well today. It seems we cannot be too long about it. Anything you do within a 4 day or two will be enough. A day or two ago we had the school arrange for him to see you. Yours truly, (99 words)

Dear Sir: Any good thing, you like, you can do well. Every year there is more and more to do. There is something for him ${ }^{1}$ here now. Who would like to go there again with me? He will be here in a day or two. Before you go out there, will ${ }^{2}$ you see me? What would they like to do for a year? Yours truly, (50 words)

READING AND TRANSCRIPTION EXERCISE



## LESSON 13

## READING AND RULE DISCOVERY EXERCISE

(1) Read each sentence until it can be read without referring to the print.
(2) Try to discover the rule that applies to the writing of each word.
(3) Study the rules and examples below the reading exercise.
(4) Read each sentence again several times until the rules are understood.
(5) Write the sentences from dictation until they can be written rapidly.


I will pay you on the basis of a five-day week. He used every system; however, he did
 not have any ${ }^{1}$ basis for knowing what to pay his men. Will he ever be ready? Whenever
 you are ready we will go. Whoever ${ }^{2}$ worked for him had to be used to long days. He

will have access to the new system. His work will sustain him. ${ }^{3}$ Do you possess a сре $\begin{aligned} & \text { ge, e pt if as } f \text { vide. }\end{aligned}$
copy of the system? He possesses enough cases for everybody. (77 words)
WRITING PRINCIPLES

## Shorthand Forms



## LESSON 14

## READING AND RULE DISCOVERY EXERCISE

(1) Read each sentence until it can be read without referring to the print.
(2) Try to discover the rule that applies to the writing of each word.
(3) Study the rules and examples below the reading exercise.
(4) Read each sentence again several times until the rules are understood.
(5) Write the sentences from dictation until they can be written rapidly.


He will pay the old man whatever income he can. He will not get an increase. He says \& Move ' 4 pc. i s,ld-ged la Nares $b$ nil to e od he will not envy you ${ }^{1}$ your work. He sold the gold at an increase, but until then he had $n$,ld - in $\rho$ den. s Ne. Noses $l$ a lech s. not told the man where he had been. His income will ${ }^{2}$ increase to an attractive sum. $s$ sur is gil o - liP. s pill s - ne v $l$.
He will serve as guard for the board. His parts are the envy of all. ( 60 words)
WRITING PRINCIPLES

## Shorthand Forms

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { in, en, un } \\
& \text { rd, rt }
\end{aligned}
$$

Abbreviations
afternoon 'foe
allowed 'lo
bid bed
board loP
body bode
booklet bell
born lien
borrow bor,
bother $1, \mathrm{tr}$
bottle $\mathrm{b}, \mathrm{ll}$
bottom b,
box

The prefixes in, en, and un are expressed by the capital N : until nil income $n_{c}$ increase Nares envy Noe
The letter combinations $r d$ and $r t$ when no vowels occur between the rd or the rt are, expressed by a capital R: board $6, \ell$ guard ${ }^{\circ}$ parts $p$ rite the capital $R$ without lifting the pen or retracing: $R$ but $b$ at $l$

VOCABULARY BUILDING


## READING AND REVIEW EXERCISE

Practice reading and taking dictation of the sentences and words until they can be read and written rapidly without refaring to the print.

$$
\Lambda \quad x_{1}-\text { in } \lg 1-f e l \text { ? }
$$

Will you ask the man to get the file? Sometimes he seems to be doing little. He got

the men up somehow, but many ${ }^{1}$ of them were so long getting here he could make little
 time. When he was at work, he would see that everyone did $^{2}$ well. If the men do the $\sim c>r^{\prime} g l-\rho^{\prime}$.
work well, they will get more pay. ( 49 words)
VOCABULARY BUILDING
(1) Cover the printed words and practice reading the shorthand words rapidly.
(2) Cover the shorthand words and practice writing the shorthand several times.


## LESSON 16

VOCABULARY REVIEW AND DRILL
(Abbreviated words are underlined)
(1) Cover the printed words and practice reading the shorthand words rapidly.
(2) Cover the shorthand words and practice writing the shorthand several times.


## LESSON 17

## SPEED-BUILDING BUSINESS DICTATION AND TRANSCRIPTION

(1) Study the shorthand notes below until they can be read rapidly and easily.
(2) Type or write each letter first from the print and then from the shorthand notes with the print covered until the typing or writing from the notes is as fast as from the print. (The underlined words in the printed copy are to be joined when taking dictation. Do not underline them as you type or write the longhand.)
(3) Practice taking dictation at 60,80 , and 100 words a minute.
(4) Compare your notes with the text, and correct any errors.

Dear Sir: The file is up at his office. You will ask him for the little one. The old file is so bad that by and ${ }^{1}$ by we may make a new one. However, their file will make a good basis for our new one.

Whenever he worked for ${ }^{2}$ us, he used the old file. Somehow it worked well whenever he got something out to copy. I am doing this work ${ }^{3}$ well, knowing it will be of value. Whoever will do it well will be felt of value to us. Yours truly, ( 79 words)

Dear Sir: Many men have been here before you were. If he can, this active old man will see you when you come. When ${ }^{1}$ you go into this new office, work with a will. There is no new thing to do where we are now. But sometimes there is ${ }^{2}$ so much work the men do not like to do it. If you ever are in the of fice, he will see you. Yours truly, ( 59 words)

READING AND TRANSCRIPTION EXERCISE



## LESSON 18

## READING AND RULE DISCOVERY EXERCISE

(1) Read each sentence until it can be read without referring to the print.
(2) Try to discover the rule that applies to the writing of each word.
(3) Study the rules and examples below the reading exercise.
(4) Read each sentence again several times until the rules are understood.
(5) Write the sentences from dictation until they can be written rapidly.


Perhaps he will pay the price. He will be prompt and form the new business. He will
 forgive and forget. He will produce enough for the purpose. I prefer to prepare

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Ny pred } \\
& \text { enough to provide for them. His former home was not formal and, further, it was } \\
& n \text {, ld. } \\
& \text { not old. ( } 45 \text { words) }
\end{aligned}
$$

## WRITING PRINCIPLES

## Shorthand Forms per, puri, pres, pro, fri

for, fur

## Abbreviations

Disjoin the small $p$ at the beginning of words to express per, pur,


Disjoin the small $f$ at the beginning of words to express for and Disjoin the small forgive beginning of words to express forget fol former
fur: forgot f gl forge
formal further fo ls business $l_{q}$

VOCABULARY BUILDING


## LESSON 19

## READING AND RULE DISCOVERY EXERCISE

(1) Read each sentence until it can be read without referring to the print.
(2) Try to discover the rule that applies to the writing of each word.
(3) Study the rules and examples below the reading exercise.
(4) Read each sentence again several times until the rules are understood.
(5) Write the sentences from dictation until they can be written rapidly.

She will pay cash. I wish he would make delivery. The factory will rush the delivery.

I shall be short ${ }^{2}$ of cash if you should do that. Will you furnish the necessary cash for

the goods? It was great to hear from you. Illness ${ }^{2}$ kept him from his work. (44 words)

## WRITING PRINCIPLES

## Shorthand Forms

sh

Abbreviations

The sound expressed by the combination sh is expressed by the letter s with a line through it. (Note: This same line was used to add $\underline{h}$ to ch. ) cash c's rush res she sf shall sip should od wish o pressure pos
goods $g$ great gr necessary $n q$ short *

## VOCABULARY BUILDING



## LESSON 20

## READING AND REVIEW EXERCISE

Practice reading and taking dictation of the sentences and words until they can be read and written rapidly without refaring to the print.
plop doer - bid chs 1 - rid. In l be - bic up - plo Please deliver the bread close to the road. Try to bring the brick because the place
 is dry. It is hard for her to hear ${ }^{1}$ during the drive. He will drop the course and give
 a nice note to her. She will be pleased and will call on all in the block. ${ }^{2} 1$ shall fly to
 make the claim. Will you come along? You will come to grief if you grow old before $y$ lu. stunts $c^{\prime} l^{2}$ your time. Is it true ${ }^{3}$ that she will call? ( 63 words)

## Abbreviations because $Q_{\text {VOCABULARY BUILDING }}$

(1) Cover the printed words and practice reading the shorthand words rapidly.
(2) Cover the shorthand words and practice writing the shorthand several times.


VOCABULARY REVIEW AND DRILL
(Abbreviated words are underlined)
(1) Cover the printed words and practice reading the shorthand words rapidly.
(2) Cover the shorthand words and practice writing the shorthand several times.


## LESSON 22

## SPEED-BUILDING BUSINESS DICTATION AND TRANSCRIPTION

(1) Study the shorthand notes below until they can be read rapidly and easily.
(2) Type or write each letter first from the print and then from the shorthand notes with the print covered until the typing or writing from the notes is as fast as from the print. (The underlined words in the printed copy are to be joined when taking dictation. Do not underline them as you type or write the longhand.)
(3) Practice taking dictation at 60,80 , and 100 words a minute.
(4) Compare your notes with the text, and correct any errors.

Dear Sir: Perhaps you should try to drive all the way today to deliver the bread. Do not try to rush because the ${ }^{1}$ slippery road may bring you to grief. Should you drive the short way, I may go along. Of course, it is true that you will ${ }^{2}$ make a prompt delivery but from what I hear you may not be pleased. You may have a close call if the brick road is ${ }^{3}$ not dry during the day. It will be hard on us if they block the way. Yours truly. (74 words)

Dear Sir: A great many claim they are pleased with the drop in the price of green goods. If she will pay cash or give her personal ${ }^{1}$ check, we shall try to furnish her with some goods. Our business will grow if we can deliver the goods and if ${ }^{2}$ we can please her. I shall fly to her place one day and will do so again, as I had a nice note from her. Yours truly, ${ }^{3}$ ( 60 words)

## READING AND TRANSCRIPTION EXERCISE





## READING AND RULE DISCOVERY EXERCISE

(1) Read each sentence until it can be read without referring to the print.
(2) Try to discover the rule that applies to the writing of each word.
(3) Study the rules and examples below the reading exercise.
(4) Read each sentence again several times until the rules are understood.
(5) Write the sentences from dictation until they can be written rapidly.
sol $\rho^{\prime}-$ bi f $-i l$. rgls $n v$ o - il $d$ a rn 1.
I shall pay the boy for the oil. The regular invoice for the coil had an error in it. toes - LS il l ned cf n, - l's Lem s Li li l gs This is the best oil ${ }^{1}$ and it need cost no more. The last steamer is still late. Just
 state the cost of the stock to the customer and he will ${ }^{2}$ soon let you know whether it is
l, t. pl's - cm 'br - ail. i go - s' regn is sf s
too high. Place the cover above the coil. He will give the same reason and suggest ${ }^{3}$ for $\mu \mathrm{ce}$ es es, 1 don $h$.
further work either here or down there. ( 66 words)

## WRITING PRINCIPLES

## Shorthand Forms <br> oi, of

st

Abbreviations

The combination oi or of is expressed by writing $\underline{i}$ with a dot: oil $i l$ boy bi
The combination st is expressed by writing a capital $S$ : best $L S$ cost 0 list lis steam Se customer co
error $M$ suggest sf invoice $N_{v}$

Note: The combining of letters, such as st represented by $\delta$, is one of the important features of this shorthand system. When the reader sees $\delta$ he knows that the $s$ and $t$ occur without a vowel between them. When he sees $s$ and $t$ as in the word settle all he knows there is a vowel between the $s$ and $t$. Other similar combinations in the text are the $\underline{r t}$ - rd combination; the nt - nd combination; the nc -gk combination; and the sp combination.

## LESSON 24

## READING AND RULE DISCOVERY EXERCISE

(1) Read each sentence until it can be read without referring to the print.
(2) Try to discover the rule that applies to the writing of each word.
(3) Study the rules and examples below the reading exercise.
(4) Read each sentence again several times until the rules are understood.
(5) Write the sentences from dictation until they can be written rapidly.


You will pay the rent. Send him for the oil. When he found the land, he would not
 enter until it was too late. Will he annoy you? I hope you will answer my annual
note. He will overcome the error; otherwise, he must find ${ }^{2}$ another job. Your note

$$
\text { s Od. } \operatorname{ll}=\text { fr } s, n \text {-levit. }
$$

is overdue. Let him offer his own material. ( 54 words)

## WRITING PRINCIPLES

## Shorthand Forms

nt, nd The combinations $n t$ and $n d$ and the preceding vowel are expressed by writing : land $\ell^{\prime}$ send s enter ~~ rent $\bumpeq$ found for
an The prefix an is expressed by writing the letter a: annoy $a i$ answer as annual al
over, other When over and other occur separately or as parts of other words, they are expressed by a joined or disjoined capital $\underline{O}$ : overdue $O d$, overcome Oc otherwise OM another a!

## CONSTRUCTING SHORTHAND OUTLINES

Enter could be written or it could be written $\sim / 2$. Both are correct from the standpoint of the rules.
The writer should select the one that is easiest for him to write and read. There are a number of other words that may be written in a form other than those shown in the word lists. The flexibility of the system makes it possible for the writer to select the one best suited to his way of thinking.

## LESSON 25

## READING AND RULE DISCOVERY EXERCISE

(1) Read each sentence until it can be read without referring to the print.
(2) Try to discover the rule that applies to the writing of each word.
(3) Study the rules and examples below the reading exercise.
(4) Read each sentence again several times until the rules are understood.
(5) Write the sentences from dictation until they can be written rapidly.
wo 9 our $l$ se $\quad$ oc $v$ un. I 9 to Te. te o
I shall go outside to see the outcome of the matter. He will go without me. Throughout

the day he will try to ${ }^{1}$ outrun each one. He will go the other way because it is better. $l$ do $n$ Us ts e gera $R$, $s n$. i do $n$ ned $l \tau a, f r$ It does not matter whether he gets an order ${ }^{2}$ or not. He does not need to make an offer $n$ - fer. Hep b by - bes. fd $\vdash$ bit 7 - nee $e$ in the future. These will be larger and better. Hold them both high and near each 0 .
other. (63 words)

## WRITING PRINCIPLES

## Shorthand Forms

out

Abbreviations

The prefix or suffix out is expressed by a small o: outrun ore outcome oc without to throughout two outside ow order $R$

## VOCABULARY BUILDING

(1) Cover the printed words and practice reading the shorthand words rapidly.
(2) Cover the shorthand words and practice writing the shorthand several times.


26

VOCABULARY REVIEW AND DRILL
(Abbreviated words are underlined)
(1) Cover the printed words and practice reading the shorthand words rapidly.
(2) Cover the shorthand words and practice writing the shorthand several times.


## LESSON 27

## SPEED-BUILDING BUSINESS DICTATION AND TRANSCRIPTION

(1) Study the shorthand notes below until they can be read rapidly and easily.
(2) Type or write each letter first from the print and then from the shorthand notes with the print covered until the typing or writing from the notes is as fast as from the print. (The underlined words in the printed copy are to be joined when taking dictation. Do not underline them as you type or write the longhand.)
(3) Practice taking dictation at 60,80 , and 100 words a minute.
(4) Compare your notes with the text, and correct any errors.

Dear Sir: I do not wish to take up the matter of other material until we see whether our last order ${ }^{1}$ is still there. It will be better to hold this large invoice until the regular steamer can take these for us. ${ }^{2}$ Will you please have the stock boy make another copy of the above order and list the items for us? Another ${ }^{3}$ offer will be made soon. The other is a charge to cover the cost. The larger order must state the best price ${ }^{4}$ we have had. We shall have to hold the price down or the larger order will cost the customer too much. Yours truly, ( 100 words)

Dear Sir: We shall need both a new coil and some oil in the near future. We have just found that if we let the order ${ }^{1}$ now we will not need to pay a high price. If we are in error, just hold the order. We need a new coil because ${ }^{2}$ without it the steam will not go high enough. I suggest further that we should own both a new one and an old one ${ }^{3}$ because we may need them outside soon. Yours truly, (68 words)
reading and transcription exercise



## READING AND RULE DISCOVERY EXERCISE

(1) Read each sentence until it can be read without referring to the print.
(2) Try to discover the rule that applies to the writing of each word.
(3) Study the rules and examples below the reading exercise.
(4) Read each sentence again several times until the rules are understood.
(5) Write the sentences from dictation until they can be written rapidly.


Will you record the pay for each man? I regard his work quite highly. He will remit ,$n$ - fl. - repp b rode lis. 人 red pe $v$ repler s on the first. The report will ${ }^{1}$ be ready later. Will you read part of the reply? He rept' - br splits $q$. Af $u$ - roe, n celt Hep pl reports the book supply is good. She will write the records ${ }^{2}$ on cards. These words

seem to be good for the most part. How quick are you? (51 words)

## WRITING PRINCIPLES

## Shorthand Forms

qu
Abbreviations

The combination qu is expressed by a small q: quick qc quite qu first fl write $u$ regard re

## VOCABULARY BUILDING

(1) Cover the printed words and practice reading the shorthand words rapidly.
(2) Cover the shorthand words and practice writing the shorthand several times.


## READING AND RULE DISCOVERY EXERCISE

(1) Read each sentence until it can be read without referring to the print.
(2) Try to discover the rule that applies to the writing of each word.
(3) Study the rules and examples below the reading exercise.
(4) Read each sentence again several times until the rules are understood.
(5) Write the sentences from dictation until they can be written rapidly.


Will you send the remittance now? Keep the prices low. The defense will assure a 9 sple 6 - pal. $L$ sen $t$ b sol $1-$ good supply for the people. $\underline{I}^{1}$ am certain there will be several hundred at the show.

Be sure to choose the right size card. Had you heard that word came ${ }^{2}$ back relative to

$$
-s^{\prime} p l \vdash^{\prime} s{ }^{2} \vdash^{\prime} \sim \text { a efl } l \text { rein - rig gun }-
$$

the sample they sent? They will make an effort to retain the raise given them. ( 50 words)

## WRITING PRINCIPLES

## Shorthand Forms

noe, ne

Abbreviations

Disjoin an $n$ at the end of words to express the endings ne and ne and the preceding vowel: defense din remittance re in
right $u$ hundred

VOCABULARY BUILDING
(1) Cover the printed words and practice reading the shorthand words rapidly.
(2) Cover the shorthand words and practice writing the shorthand several times.


## LESSON 30

## VOCABULARY REVIEW AND DRILL

(Abbreviated words are underlined)
(1) Cover the printed words and practice reading the shorthand words rapidly.
(2) Cover the shorthand words and practice writing the shorthand several times.

| assure <br> back | bic | low most | $\xrightarrow{l,}$ | reports retain | repe rel'n |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| book | be | part | $\rho^{\prime}$ | right | ru |
| card | '1P | people | ppl | sample | A'pl |
| cards | ce | quick | $g^{\prime \prime}$ | seem | se |
| certain | sen | quite | qu, | sent | 1 |
| choose | 4 | raise | riq | several | swal |
| defense | dfn | read | red nd | show | A |
| effort | ef $P$ | record | rchrect | size | suq |
| first | fs | records | roe/recp | supply | sple |
| given | givn | regard | re | sure | * |
| heard | -2d | relative | rlls | word |  |
| highly | て- | remit | re $i$ | words | $N$ |
| hundred | $\bigcirc$ | remittance | re in | write | M |
| keep | cp | reply | reple |  |  |
| later | ler | report | rept |  |  |

## COMMON PHRASES

one of the
to this
we are sure

eros

## LESSON 31

## SPEED-BUILDING BUSINESS DICTATION AND TRANSCRIPTION

(1) Study the shorthand notes below until they can be read rapidly and easily.
(2) Type or write each letter first from the print and then from the shorthand notes with the print covered until the typing or writing from the notes is as fast as from the print. (The underlined words in the printed copy are to be joined when taking dictation. Do not underline them as you type or write the longhand.)
(3) Practice taking dictation at 60,80 , and 100 words a minute.
(4) Compare your notes with the text, and correct any errors.

Dear Sir: Will you please supply a word or two for the record? We have given first place in the book to this report. ${ }^{1}$ We are sure the people who will read this part of the report will state they like it. We regard your effort as one ${ }^{2}$ of the first in this part of the state. We have heard several say we can assure you of a good date for most of ${ }^{3}$ the reports. Yours truly, ( 65 words)

Dear Sir: Our records show we do not have a remittance from you. Can you raise the money now? You may choose to remit later. We are quite certain you will keep your word and write to us.

You will see that the reply cards are about ${ }^{2}$ right. A sample of the right size came today. You can get about a hundred words on the back of the card. Does that ${ }^{3}$ seem right to you? Yours truly, ( 65 words)

READING AND TRANSCRIPTION EXERCISE



## LESSON 32

## READING AND RULE DISCOVERY EXERCISE

(1) Read each sentence until it can be read without referring to the print.
(2) Try to discover the rule that applies to the writing of each word.
(3) Study the rules and examples below the reading exercise.
(4) Read each sentence again several times until the rules are understood.
(5) Write the sentences from dictation until they can be written rapidly.


Will you make payment now? We are sending the payment in full. He will make a
 settlement for the shipment. Will you ${ }^{1}$ send me a statement? He will acknowledge

the payment. They received the shipment. The bank will use the statement. I want ${ }^{2}$
 to thank you for the recent inquiry from your uncle. The link was broken. ( 53 words)

## WRITING PRINCIPLES

## Shorthand Forms

ment
$\mathrm{nc}, \mathrm{nk} \quad$ The combinations nc and nk are expressed by adding c to the ng symbol: bank $W$ thank $c$ uncle dink $l$ anchor $\underbrace{c}$ shipment Am inquiry Noe

## LESSON 33

## READING AND RULE DISCOVERY EXERCISE

(1) Read each sentence until it can be read without referring to the print.
(2) Try to discover the rule that applies to the writing of each word.
(3) Study the rules and examples below the reading exercise.
(4) Read each sentence again several times until the rules are understood.
(5) Write the sentences from dictation until they can be written rapidly.


Will you advise us about the letter? We will admit him. This is an advance payment.

$$
\text { so Ass - } \quad l-2, a m-\gamma, 1) \text { - fris a }
$$

Will she address the question ${ }^{1}$ to him? I admire the way you handle the freight. An Arm s s el refs $l$ is a $A$. advertisement is sometimes referred to as an ad. ( 32 words)

WRITING PRINCIPLES

## Shorthand Forms

## Abbreviations

> The syllable ad at the beginning of words is expressed by the capital A: advance Qurnadvise arp admit $a$ address ans admire $a$ u
> $\begin{aligned} & \text { advertisement } \\ & \text { appreciate } \text { 'prot }\end{aligned}$ letter $\mathscr{L}$ question $g$ add $a$
> WORD FAMIlY



## LESSON 34

## READING AND REVIEW EXERCISE

Practice reading and taking dictation of the sentences and words until they can be read and written rapidly without refaring to the print.


The letter was in reference to the wire you sent. We appreciate the point you make
 very much. On the surface ${ }^{1}$ it certainly seems entirely full. We find the land you had
 in mind is the kind we want. You will soon be receiving ${ }^{2}$ nine cases prepaid with the
 copies. Since the total price was once low we are prepared to paint the surface. ${ }^{3}$


Although the shipment was recently delayed, it is now being sent. We are sending you

$$
-\mathcal{L} \text { refs } l \text { an } 1 \text { l refs l l'gn. }
$$

the letter referred to ${ }^{4}$ since you may want to refer to it again. ( 87 words)
WORD FAMILY
acknowledgment
apartment
appointment
argument
assignment
assortment
attachment
basement
commencement
comment
compliment
document
establishment
government
investment
management
movement
raiment
requirement
supplement
sum
sum em

## LESSON 35

## VOCABULARY REVIEW AND DRILL

(Abbreviated words are underlined)
(1) Cover the printed words and practice reading the shorthand words rapidly.
(2) Cover the shorthand words and practice writing the shorthand several times.
(Copy II)


## LESSON 36

## SPEED-BUILDING BUSINESS DICTATION AND TRANSCRIPTION

(1) Study the shorthand notes below until they can be read rapidly and easily.
(2) Type or write each letter first from the print and then from the shorthand notes with the print covered until the typing or writing from the notes is as fast as from the print. (The underlined words in the printed copy are to be joined when taking dictation. Do not underline them as you type or write the longhand.)
(3) Practice taking dictation at 60,80 , and 100 words a minute.
(4) Compare your notes with the text, and correct any errors.

Dear Sir: We will handle the shipment for the bank if you think you want us to do so. We find this kind of business ${ }^{1}$ very good. We hear that the shipment has been delayed for the time being, but that it will land here soon. Will you please ${ }^{2}$ keep in mind that we are prepared to handle this kind of business. Please hand this letter to the bank for us and ask'them to send us a reply. Yours truly, ( 67 words)

Dear Sir: We acknowledge your check in payment of your invoice. We wish to thank you for your recent order for the ${ }^{1}$ nine cases of paint. They are being sent freight prepaid to your store. Settlement of this statement may be delayed. ${ }^{2}$ We know this paint is the best. It will entirely cover every surface. Yours truly, ( 55 words)

Dear Sir: We are sending some material in reply to your inquiry. The total cost is certainly not ${ }^{1}$ high. This will give you the reference material to which you recently referred. Although you received this once ${ }^{2}$ before, we shall appreciate receiving a prompt reply. Please wire us if you can use more copies and we will ${ }^{3}$ advance more. Although we will take the order on the basis of other orders, there will be no question about ${ }^{4}$ this point. Yours truly, ( 83 words)

READING AND TRANSCRIPTION EXERCISE




## LESSON 37

## READING AND RULE DISCOVERY EXERCISE

(1) Read each sentence until it can be read without referring to the print.
(2) Try to discover the rule that applies to the writing of each word.
(3) Study the rules and examples below the reading exercise.
(4) Read each sentence again several times until the rules are understood.
(5) Write the sentences from dictation until they can be written rapidly.

I am enclosing the receipt in a stamped envelope. You may include this in your
 expense items. I am inclined ${ }^{1}$ to think his credit is good. Do you expect it to come by

express? Everyone came except the gentleman ${ }^{2}$ who wrote the letter. His experience $b v \operatorname{lp} l-p p r k$ a - il?
will be of help at the proper time. Will you enclose the bill? ( 57 words)

## WRITING PRINCIPLES

## Shorthand Forms

encl, incl The word beginnings encl and incl and the vowel that follows are expressed by a capital I: include ${ }^{\text {d }}$ incline ${ }^{n}$
ex, ax, ox The combinations ex, ax, and ox are expressed as shown: expect oc express pars except up experience bern
ct ending

Abbreviations
At the end of words ending in ct the $\frac{t}{c}$ is omitted: expect je perfect pfc protect ole act $\frac{t}{c}$


## LESSON 38

## READING AND RULE DISCOVERY EXERCISE

(1) Read each sentence until it can be read without referring to the print.
(2) Try to discover the rule that applies to the writing of each word.
(3) Study the rules and examples below the reading exercise.
(4) Read each sentence again several times until the rules are understood.
(5) Write the sentences from dictation until they can be written rapidly.


Will you take action on this information? The motion was lost. When will you take
4 v'? $\mu$ vc, po?? 'fo 'fl ed. 'ned' your vacation? What vocation ${ }^{1}$ will you pursue? This is a first edition. You need a
 good education. The collection was for a large amount. ${ }^{2}$ We regret that it is

necessary to call your attention to the past-due bill. You will no doubt mention ${ }^{3}$ the Nl lv sill.
rate of sales. ( 62 words)

## WRITING PRINCIPLES

## Shorthand Forms

lion, sion The sounds represented by the combinations sion and ion and the preceding vowelare expressed by a small mark written downward and placed below the last letter or character of the word: action ' $C$, information $n \neq 2$, motion - vacation $n^{\prime} c$, vocation $v, c$ edition $e d$, ' education $e d s,{ }^{\prime}$ collection c lc,' attention' $\ln _{1}$, mention $n$
Abbreviations doubt do

## VOCABULARY BUILDING

(1) Cover the printed words and practice reading the shorthand words rapidly.
(2) Cover the shorthand words and practice writing the shorthand several times.


## LESSON 39

## READING AND REVIEW EXERCISE

Practice reading and taking dictation of the sentences and words until they can be read and written rapidly without refaring to the print.


With the exception of the letters, he will meet the extra expense. I shall be glad to
 name the different people ${ }^{1}$ to be added to the class. I am always glad to favor you. $\cap$ ' Nib 1 rein' ' S selim. $t$ ' $\rightarrow l$ sect - plo $l$
Are you unable to remain? I must return. ${ }^{2}$ They might secure the particular items
 together with the finished goods. I wrote him to put off coming ${ }^{3}$ for ten days. When , rec - l's len , $\tau$ ls $l d$ tn ne $O$ cl's. e is 'rae you reach the last line, you will have less to do than any other class. He has already
 been called ${ }^{4}$ upon. I would rather cause a full day to be added. I think the inclusion $\checkmark$ b pes np.
of this work is necessary. ${ }^{5}$ ( 100 words)
Abbreviations extra $x$ particular $\rho \rho_{c}$ glad $g \ell$ gladly gl- put $\rho$ VOCABULARY BUILDING
(1) Cover the printed words and practice reading the shorthand words rapidly.
(2) Cover the shorthand words and practice writing the shorthand several times.


## LESSON 40

VOCABULARY REVIEW AND DRILL
(Abbreviated words are underlined)
(1) Cover the printed words and practice reading the shorthand words rapidly.
(2) Cover the shorthand words and practice writing the shorthand several times.

| act | 'c | express | prs | past | p's |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| action | ${ }^{\prime}$ | extra | $\times$ | perfect | pfe |
| added | a | favor | fim | proper | ppr |
| already | 'rde | finished | fins | protect | ple |
| always | 'es | gentleman | $\sim$ n | pursue | pos |
| amount | 1 O | gentlemen |  | pursue | pos |
| attention | Un, | gentlemen | d | put | $p$ |
| bill | $1 i^{\prime}$ | glad | gl | rate | M |
| bill | bi | gladly | gl | rather | rits |
| called | ${ }^{2}$ | help | lp | reach | rec |
| cause | c'p | incline | on | receipt | resel |
| class | cl's | include | fd | regret | nd |
| collection | clc, | inclusion | $l_{1}$ | remain | rén |
| coming | $\sim$ | information | Nf, | return | selrn |
| credit | cr | items | d | sales | s'l |
| different | dfr | less | ls | secure | secr |
| doubt | do | letters | $\mathscr{L}$ | stamped | S'p |
| due | $d$ | line | len | ten | 10 |
| edition | ed, | lost | l,s | together | Lgh |
| education | eds, | meet | -el | unable | nibl |
| enclose | I | mention | - | upon |  |
| envelope | Nolp | might | $-4$ | vacation | so |
| except | lep | motion | -1 | vocation | $v$ |
| expect | yoc | name | n' | wrote | rel |
| expense | pon | off | , 6 | yard | $y^{\prime 2}$ |
| experience | yern | particular |  | yellow | y, |
|  |  | COMMON | PHRASES |  |  |
| less than | lst'n | to take car | U'cír | we can |  |
| to take | U'c | we are |  | we have | be |

## LESSON 41

## SPEED-BUILDING BUSINESS DICTATION AND TRANSCRIPTION

(1) Study the shorthand notes below until they can be read rapidly and easily.
(2) Type or write each letter first from the print and then from the shorthand notes with the print covered until the typing or writing from the notes is as fast as from the print. (The underlined words in the printed copy are to be joined when taking dictation. Do not underline them as you type or write the longhand.)
(3) Practice taking dictation at 60,80 , and 100 words a minute.
(4) Compare your notes with the text, and correct any errors.

Gentlemen: I think this letter will reach you before you return, but I express doubt that our other letters will be finished in less than that time. Our sales for the past several days have been an exception. This, together with ${ }^{2}$ the coming of a differcent line and class of goods, will cause us to advance our rate to take care of the inclusion ${ }^{3}$ of the added expense. We may find it necessary to include the old price on these goods rather than to form an extra price list. When we wrote you, we were sure we would need to include the form of the bill. However, upon s receipt of the letters we think we can meet that need. Yours truly, (112 words)

Gentlemen: Our information is that your bill is already very much past due. We regret that we have to ${ }^{1}$ be particular about this. Upon receipt of this letter we shall expect you to send us a check so that ${ }^{2}$ we may give you proper credit. ${ }_{3}$ If the bill should remain due, we think it proper for you to take action to secure some extra help. You might be unable to pay the full amount now but we shall be glad to put off part of ${ }^{4}$ it if you will name the amount you wish to pay now. We are always glad to help in any way we can. We are enclosing a stamped envelope for your reply. Yours truly, (110 words)

READING AND TRANSCRIPTION EXERCISE



## LESSON 42

## reading and rule discovery exercise

(1) Read each sentence until it can be read without referring to the print.
(2) Try to discover the rule that applies to the writing of each word.
(3) Study the rules and examples below the reading exercise.
(4) Read each sentence again several times until the rules are understood. -
(5) Write the sentences from dictation until they can be written rapidly.


Do you understand the subject of his address? This is superior paper. They could not

suppress the writer. ${ }^{1}$ This is a supreme catalog. Underneath the attached page you

$$
\text { I fer -plise. Usn pool ld - re u } 3 \text { d". \& I un }
$$

will find the policy. It is not possible ${ }^{2}$ to do the work under three days. He will under-

go the trouble for the second time. They will underwrite the complete ${ }^{3}$ cost of shipping

$$
\text { to is } l s
$$

this issue to us. ( 67 words)

## WRITING PRINCIPLES

## Shorthand Forms



## LESSON 43

## READING AND RULE DISCOVERY EXERCISE

(1) Read each sentence until it can be read without referring to the print.
(2) Try to discover the rule that applies to the writing of each word.
(3) Study the rules and examples below the reading exercise.
(4) Read each sentence again several times until the rules are understood.
(5) Write the sentences from dictation until they can be written rapidly.


The condition of the factory at present is good. What connection does it have with the $c^{2}$ ? $\operatorname{lln} r$ le s fl $H_{1}$. e gr Cads company? ${ }^{1}$ The balance of the county is following through. We will give consideration $l$ - cen. $\sim$ - $l^{\prime} 0$ - sere $n$ to the memorandum. ${ }^{2}$ Will you kindly convey our merchandise to the factory in the ,rue? - 0 ppr s $v \operatorname{Corn} l$ v. morning? The enclosed paper is of concern ${ }^{3}$ to you. ( 61 words)

## WRITING PRINCIPLES

## Shorthand Forms

con, coun The combinations con and coun are expressed by a capital $C$ : concern $C$ corn connection $C$ county $C l e$ acountion $C d$, consideration $C$ ' $C$,

Abbreviations memorandum $\sim$ VOCABULARY BUILDING
(1) Cover the printed words and practice reading the shorthand words rapidly.
(2) Cover the shorthand words and practice writing the shorthand several times.


## LESSON 44

## READING AND RULE DISCOVERY EXERCISE

(1) Read each sentence until it can be read without referring to the print.
(2) Try to discover the rule that applies to the writing of each word.
(3) Study the rules and examples below the reading exercise.
(4) Read each sentence again several times until the rules are understood.
(5) Write the sentences from dictation until they can be written rapidly.


I hope you will accept the additional load. I am interested in the account of the number
 of weeks ${ }^{1}$ and months he will stay. He addressed the letter to me. He asked me to dplel' den opel to nt. ' b gi- 'pro of ' / le l duplicate a dozen copies this month. It $^{2}$ will be greatly appreciated if you will look at

the letter dated May 4. We are sorry you requested ${ }^{3}$ that the goods be shipped. It will $b$ ' Coven $\Delta$ of $\backslash C$ 'spill Am.
be a convenience to us if you will make a separate shipment. ( 78 words)

## VOCABULARY BUILDING

(1) Cover the printed words and practice reading the shorthand words rapidly.
(2) Cover the shorthand words and practice writing the shorthand several times.


## LESSON 45

VOCABULARY REVIEW AND DRILL
(Abbreviated words are underlined)
(1) Cover the printed words and practice reading the shorthand words rapidly.
(2) Cover the shorthand words and practice writing the shorthand several times.

| accept | 'cop <br> ${ }^{\prime} \mathrm{cP}_{1}$ | duplicate <br> enclosed | dplicl el | requested say | $\operatorname{seg}^{\prime}-$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| account | ${ }^{\prime} \mathrm{C}$ | following | 6, | second | AC |
| additional | $A_{l}$ | greatly | gr- | separate | spord |
| addressed | Ars | interested | urs | shipped | $\pm$ |
| advertising | Arr | issue | - | shipping | $\infty$ |
| appreciated | 'pres | kindly | $\mathrm{Cl}-$ | sorry | s, |
| asking | ${ }^{\prime}{ }^{\prime}$ | load | $l$ ld | subject | Syc |
| attached | 'Le | look | $l 口 c_{c}$ | superior | $s, \pi$ |
| balance | bln | memorandum | -mm | suppress | S 4 |
| carload | cirld | merchandise | -2e | supreme | 5 - |
| catalog | c'ilg | month | nt | three | 3 |
| company | $c$ | months | nt | through | H, |
| complete | coplel | morning | , Ln | trouble | lrbe |
| concern | Cosn | number | $n$ br | under | u |
| condition | Cd, | oblige | , bly | undergo | uq |
| connection | Cc, | open | , pn | underneath | unet |
| consideration | Csidy | page | $p^{\prime \prime}$ | understand | us |
| convenience | Cvenn | paper | p'pr | underwrite | ure |
| convey | Cv' | policy | pilise | weeks | $\mu$ |
| county | Cle | possible | pisb | Writer | rer |
| dated | d'l | present | pg | writing | re |
| dozen | dgn | referring | refr | wrong | $\xrightarrow{9}$ |
| draw | $d r$ | refund | ref | you'll | $l$ |
| dream | dre | refuse | refo | youth | $y_{t}$ |

## LESSON 46

## SPEED-BUILDING BUSINESS DICTATION AND TRANSCRIPTION

(1) Study the shorthand notes below until they can be read rapidly and easily.
(2) Type or write each letter first from the print and then from the shorthand notes with the print covered until the typing or writing from the notes is as fast as from the print. (The underlined words in the printed copy are to be joined when taking dictation. Do not underline them as you type or write the longhand.)
(3) Practice taking dictation at 60,80 , and 100 words a minute.
(4) Compare your notes with the text, and correct any errors.

Gentlemen: We are shipping you on account a carload of superior paper. If you will kindly look through ${ }^{1}$ the new issue of our catalog for this month, you will see a factory number for each one of the items. ${ }^{2}$

We are sorry the writer of that letter was in error in referring to the subject of the enclosed memorandum. ${ }^{3}$ A separate duplicate letter dated last week requested complete information. In this connection ${ }^{4}$ we should like to present our new policy. Please look through the catalog and send us your order as soon ${ }^{5}$ as possible. Yours truly, (105 words)

Gentlemen: This morning the attached page was received from your company. You will note that we expect a dozen ${ }^{1}$ of each of the items of merchandise. We understand the company is not ready to accept additional ${ }^{2}$ orders to be shipped until after three weeks. The express company shipped the balance of the order on the second. If you will answer this letter and say what action we should take, it will help us to give consideration ${ }^{4}$ to the order. Yours truly, ( 85 words)

## READING AND TRANSCRIPTION EXERCISE




## LESSON 47

## SPEED-BUILDING BUSINESS DICTATION AND TRANSCRIPTION

(1) Study the shorthand notes below until they can be read rapidly and easily.
(2) Type or write each letter first from the print and then from the shorthand notes with the print covered until the typing or writing from the notes is as fast as from the print. (The underlined words in the printed copy are to be joined when taking dictation. Do not underline them as you type or write the longhand.)
(3) Practice taking dictation at 60,80 , and 100 words a minute.
(4) Compare your notes with the text, and correct any errors.

Gentlemen: We are advertising a new, supreme bed during the following months in accordance with our last ${ }^{1}$ letter to you. It will be greatly appreciated if you will take the trouble to bring this to the attention ${ }^{2}$ of your men. Since we addressed the advertising to you without asking you about it, we hope you will be ${ }^{3}$ interested enough in it to open and read it. We think we have a good collection of material. ${ }^{4}$ It is all in good condition and can be sent at your convenience. Yours truly, ( 95 words)

READING AND TRANSCRIPTION EXERCISE



## LESSON 48

## READING AND RULE DISCOVERY EXERCISE

(1) Read each sentence until it can be read without referring to the print.
(2) Try to discover the rule that applies to the writing of each word.
(3) Study the rules and examples below the reading exercise.
(4) Read each sentence again several times until the rules are understood.
(5) Write the sentences from dictation until they can be written rapidly.


He will forward the order to you. He forwarded the order to the shipping department.


He made upward of ${ }^{1}$ eleven dollars a day. The sales department will forward the rept. $s$ SP $l_{c}$ - sql $n-$ lech $D$ s grep/.
report. He started backward. The sales in the local ${ }^{2}$ department were going upward. - parvis $O$ f il - ryol regis. - ole sur The service department will fill the original request. The salesman will ${ }^{3}$ serve
sld- Ne - role col l, er-.
satisfactorily unless the representative calls too early. (73 words)

## WRITING PRINCIPLES

## Shorthand Forms



VOCABULARY BUILDING


## LESSON 49

## reading and rule discovery exercise

(1) Read each sentence until it can be read without referring to the print.
(2) Try to discover the rule that applies to the writing of each word.
(3) Study the rules and examples below the reading exercise.
(4) Read each sentence again several times until the rules are understood.
(5) Write the sentences from dictation until they can be written rapidly.


He will have the contract. The store will control the job. This is contrary to the law.
 The contrast between the methods ${ }^{1}$ will continue. It is important to impress the e palie. s Lc ph ip er employees. His talk will imply that we need to improve ${ }^{2}$ the books. (Hl words)

## WRITING PRINCIPLES




## LESSON 50

## READING AND RULE DISCOVERY EXERCISE

(1) Read each sentence until it can be read without referring to the print.
(2) Try to discover the rule that applies to the writing of each word.
(3) Study the rules and examples below the reading exercise.
(4) Read each sentence again several times until the rules are understood.
(5) Write the sentences from dictation until they can be written rapidly.

He is a successful American. He has an advantage in the examination. Yesterday he
 informed ${ }^{1}$ me that it would be advisable to continue. You are at liberty to telephone
 those who are serving. ${ }^{2}$ Various methods will undoubtedly save half of the time. He Sp - S, will start the story at the earliest possible ${ }^{3}$ time. I saw the method which gives
 control and which will enable him to make good. It is your obligation ${ }^{4}$ to tell how to $f l-P$
fill the order. (86 words)
explanation
extension
extent
favorable
forwarding
garden
gift
glass


## LESSON 51

VOCABULARY REVIEW AND DRILL
(Abbreviated words are underlined)
(1) Cover the printed words and practice reading the shorthand words rapidly.
(2) Cover the shorthand words and practice writing the shorthand several times.


## LESSON 52

## SPEED-BUILDING BUSINESS DICTATION AND TRANSCRIPTION

(1) Study the shorthand notes below until they can be read rapidly and easily.
(2) Type or write each letter first from the print and then from the shorthand notes with the print covered until the typing or writing from the notes is as fast as from the print. (The underlined words in the printed copy are to be joined when taking dictation. Do not underline them as you type or write the longhand.)
(3) Practice taking dictation at 60,80 , and 100 words a minute.
(4) Compare your notes with the text, and correct any errors.

Gentlemen: An entirely original story will start in an early issue of the "American."1 It is an important story and we think it will impress you. The "American" is serving successful representative ${ }^{2}$ people and you will want the service it gives. A sample copy will be forwarded to you if ${ }^{3}$ you request it. If your concern would like to take advantage of this annual offer, please forward your order at your earliest convenience. This does not imply any obligation. Yours truly, ( 96 words)

Gentlemen: Yesterday we started to mail out our new law books. Do you think it would be advisable to have ${ }^{1}$ some of these in your store? When I saw you last week, you informed me that you undoubtedly would contract to use some of our various books. Unless we hear from your order department to the contr any, we shall continue to ${ }^{3}$ inform you about those books which we think you will want for examination. Will you please talk this over with our ${ }^{4}$ salesman when he calls? We shall be glad to serve you. Yours truly. (90 words)

Dear Sir: We are at liberty now to tell you that we can save you about half on that local job. We have some ${ }^{1}$ new employees and a new method which will enable us to fill your order satisfactorily whenever ${ }^{2}$ you are prepared to place it with us. Perhaps you should give us a telephone call whenever you are ready for us to go forward with the work. We think you will like the contrast between our old and new methods. Yours truly. (80 words)

## READING AND TRANSCRIPTION EXERCISE





## LESSON 53

## READING AND RULE DISCOVERY EXERCISE

(1) Read each sentence until it can be read without referring to the print.
(2) Try to discover the rule that applies to the writing of each word.
(3) Study the rules and examples below the reading exercise.
(4) Read each sentence again several times until the rules are understood.
(5) Write the sentences from dictation until they can be written rapidly.

He will display the machine to the manager. Will you discuss the costs in person with
 the man in your district? ${ }^{1}$ The design is correct. Remember to dispose of the
 Llb, $f, 4$ Sade $u$ figs. distribution will follow your study of the figures. (54 words)

## WRITING PRINCIPLES

## Shorthand Forms

dis, des The combinations dis and des are expressed by a capital $\underline{D}$ : display Op l' discuss docs dispose Ops
Abbreviations remember re satisfaction s ls
VOCABULARY BUILDING
(1) Cover the printed words and practice reading the shorthand words rapidly.
(2) Cover the shorthand words and practice writing the shorthand several times.


## LESSON 54

## READING AND RULE DISCOVERY EXERCISE

(1) Read each sentence until it can be read without referring to the print.
(2) Try to discover the rule that applies to the writing of each word.
(3) Study the rules and examples below the reading exercise.
(4) Read each sentence again several times until the rules are understood.
(5) Write the sentences from dictation until they can be written rapidly.


Will you speak at our spring meeting? You will want to spend some time at our ssh s'l. a s - $u$ In e cd sir $n$ a Nor $L$ gl s's of special sale. He spent more time than he could spare ${ }^{1}$ in an endeavor to get space for
 the sport show. His spirit was good as he spoke in response to their suggestions. ${ }^{2}$

$$
c, ~ r \quad a \quad N_{s c} \quad v \quad{ }^{\prime} C / ?
$$

Can you make an inspection of the accounts? ( 47 words)

## WRITING PRINCIPLES

## Shorthand Forms

sp
The combination sp is expressed by a small printed s: speak sec spring $s r^{\circ}$ spend $s$ special sol

## VOCABULARY BUILDING



## LESSON 55

## READING AND REVIEW EXERCISE

Practice reading and taking dictation of the sentences and words until they can be read and written rapidly without refaring to the print.

- $O C$ $\uparrow$ ddc_ppr-. $-j j$ in cher. $\uparrow$ dueThe discount was deducted properly. The changes are not clear. Will you direct the
 organization personally $?^{1}$ I sincerely prefer to believe that he never makes a mistake. $\Lambda$ eff to fec $\tau, n-n x$ real $r$ - fie $t \rho-$-yt What effect will this fact have on the ${ }^{2}$ next results? The fact that we misjudged him od y s $l$ gall 1 regur - 'r $l$ pin - syn eon $\%$. should cause us to hesitate to require the agent to explain the charges. ${ }^{3}$ Even if he doe 1 hm - le gl e l - lone ad $t$ requs 'lo, 1 lon decided to learn the touch system, at the beginning he should be required also to ${ }^{4}$ learn
- dill - len tr pec 9 lev of - fec $t$ efl l (s) the details. The lines are particularly good except for the fact that he failed to say $V_{c} / \underset{\sim}{c}-$
exactly what makes ${ }^{5}$ them important. ( 102 words)

Abbreviations organization, $n q$ particularly $\rho l c$ - sincerely on next $n x$


## LESSON 56

## VOCABULARY REVIEW AND DRILL

(Abbreviated words are underlined)
(1) Cover the printed words and practice reading the shorthand words rapidly.
(2) Cover the shorthand words and practice writing the shorthand several times.

| accounts | ${ }^{2} \mathrm{C}$ | even | evn | person | psn |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| agent | $3$ | exactly | $V_{c}$ - | personally | psn- |
| also | ${ }^{\prime} \mathrm{ls}$ | explain | pl'n | properly | ppr- |
| beginning | legin | fact | f'c | remember | re |
| believe | belev | failed | 1 L | require | requ |
| changes | Ej | February | feb | required | reger |
| charges | cry | figures | figr | response | resn |
| clear | cler | follow | $6_{6,}$ | results | regll |
| correct | c,c | hesitate | -gll | satisfaction | sos |
| costs | c, | inspection | $n s c$ | sincerely | sn |
| decided | dse | invoices | No | space | s's |
| deducted | $d d^{\prime}$ | learn | $\operatorname{lr} n$ | spare | s's |
| design | dgen | length | lor | speak | sec |
| details | dil | lines | len | special | ssl |
| direct | dic | machine | sen | spend | 5 |
| discount | OC | makes | c | spent | 5 |
| discuss | Ocs | manager | nys | spirit | sill |
| display | Slpl' | meeting | -el | spoke | $s$, |
| dispose | Op,9 | misjudged | isft | sport | $s, p$ |
| distribution | LO | mistake | sle | spring | S2 |
| district | Orc | never | nor | statements | Silm |
| effect | efc | next | $n x$ | study | Sde |
| endeavor | ndws | organization | , rq | suggestions | sf" |
| equipment | egipm | particularly | pec- | touch | Le |

## LESSON 57

## SPEED-BUILDING BUSINESS DICTATION AND TRANSCRIPTION

(1) Study the shorthand notes below until they can be read rapidly and easily.
(2) Type or write each letter first from the print and then from the shorthand notes with the print covered until the typing or writing from the notes is as fast as from the print. (The underlined words in the printed copy are to be joined when taking dictation. Do not underline them as you type or write the longhand.)
(3) Practice taking dictation at 60,80 , and 100 words a minute.
(4) Compare your notes with the text, and correct any errors.

Gentlemen: We have your request for details about the design of our equipment. In response we shall endeavor ${ }^{1}$ to give you the direct results of our study.

Through inspection our agent found last spring that the display machine ${ }^{2}$ required exactly three days to do the job for your district. The machine had to have special length lines and the ${ }^{3}$ design was not particularly clear. The fact that you wish to handle accounts and figures on the machine makes 4 it necessary to effect some changes. We believe this machine will take care of the discount work in your organizations It will also handle invoices and even a beginning person can learn to follow the ${ }^{6}$ suggestions which come with each machine. If you require details, we shall be glad to explain abut them to you. Sincerely, ( 140 words)

Gentlemen: The next mail will bring you correct estimates about the distribution of our costs. We have deducted ${ }^{1}$ all the charges except those that we decided were proporly a part of the cost. If through a mistake, w $e^{2}$ have failed to please your agent, do not hesitate to speak to our manager. If you prefer to speak to me personally, ${ }^{3}$ I shall be glad to have you get in to uch with us. Remember that we have never failed to give satisfaction ${ }^{4}$ and that we do not wish to be misjudged this time. Sincerely, (92 words)

## READING AND TRANSCRIPTION EXERCISE





## LESSON 58

## reading and rule discovery exercise

(1) Read each sentence until it can be read without referring to the print.
(2) Try to discover the rule that applies to the writing of each word.
(3) Study the rules and examples below the reading exercise.
(4) Read each sentence again several times until the rules are understood.
(5) Write the sentences from dictation until they can be written rapidly.


We shall notify you. Please specify what you want. Can you justify this high interest?

The members will ratify ${ }^{1}$ the report. The group will ratify the bid. Can you describe the approved plan? Your description of the features ${ }^{2}$ of the plan is interesting. At

 subscriptions were entered for all the persons. He will prescribe an immediate rest. $r^{\prime} r \operatorname{egn} l S S$.
They are eager to ${ }^{4}$ subscribe. ( 81 words)

## WRITING PRINCIPLES

## Shorthand Forms



VOCABULARY BUILDING
(1) Cover the printed words and practice reading the shorthand words rapidly.
(2) Cover the shorthand words and practice writing the shorthand several times.


## LESSON 59

## READING AND RULE DISCOVERY EXERCISE

(1) Read each sentence until it can be read without referring to the print.
(2) Try to discover the rule that applies to the writing of each word.
(3) Study the rules and examples below the reading exercise.
(4) Read each sentence again several times until the rules are understood.
(5) Write the sentences from dictation until they can be written rapidly.

$$
\text { - } 2 \text { 'B ld - pc. lo a task bo l pr - pin. }
$$

You have the ability to do the work. It is an impossibility for us to approve the plan. - dyers $v$ pbs $b$ Cods. - by $\quad v$ olin s se $\vdash$ The ${ }^{1}$ desirability of the job is to be considered. The feasibility of the plan is such that
 you ${ }^{2}$ should be eager to approve of it. I shall advise you with respect to the impression
 you make. I especially ${ }^{3}$ hope you will be employed at such work as you like. I
 respectfully advise you regarding how your account ${ }^{4}$ stands in the hope that you will $n d f s v y$ ' $B \quad l \quad p^{\prime} l$.
notify us of your ability to pay it. (94 words)

## WRITING PRINCIPLES

## Shorthand Forms

bility

Abbreviations
dearest der
door dr
else els
eyes frs
face fer
fear fire

The word-ending bility, and the preceding vowel, is expressed by a capital B: ability ' $\mathcal{B}$ ' impossibility $-\frac{p}{} \beta$ feasibility fe $\beta$ regarding re respectfully $\sim s$

## VOCABULARY BUILDING



## LESSON 60

VOCABULARY REVIEW AND DRILL
(Abbreviated words are underlined)
(1) Cover the printed words and practice reading the shorthand words rapidly.
(2) Cover the shorthand words and practice writing the shorthand several times.

| ability agreement | 'B 'grm | group honest | grp | possibility | psß pS |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| approve | 'prer | hurry | Tu | putting | $\beta$ |
| approved | 'pror | husband | gb | ratify | ndy |
| beauty | ble | immediate | - ed | regarding | ne |
| bid | ld | impossibility | -ps3 | respect | ns |
| Christmas | cris | impression | - pris | respectfully | ns |
| clothes | Cl | interest | nos | rest | nJ |
| commercial | $c \operatorname{col}$ | interesting | ncl | river | river |
| considered | Csidr | invitation | Noit | safe | sf |
| describe | $d S$ | justify | K. | serious | sers |
| description | $d S$ | labor | libr | snow | An, |
| desirability | dgerß | lately | lil | someone | s |
| eager | egr | measure | -ss | specify | ssf |
| egg | eq | members |  | stands | ${ }^{\text {d }}$ |
| employed | e pli | middle | -d | straight | Sre |
| entered | $\cdots$ | natural | nerl | subscribe | SS |
| especially | est- | net | nd | surprise | sreq |
| fail | fl | normal | $n, l$ | subscriptions | SS |
| feasibility | fg 3 | north | not | such | se |
| features | Leer | notify | nll | suggestion | sjs |
|  | fins | notify | r,o |  |  |
| financial | frinol | owe |  | ton | Ln |
| fix | fix | owing | $\cdots$ | top | , p |
| forgotten | bgin | persons | psn | union | nym |
| F. O. B. | b, | plan | pln | wet | 1 |
| greatest | grs | plenty |  | window |  |

## LESSON 61

## SPEED-BUILDING BUSINESS DICTATION AND TRANSCRIPTION

(1) Study the shorthand notes below until they can be read rapidly and easily.
(2) Type or write each letter first from the print and then from the shorthand notes with the print covered until the typing or writing from the notes is as fast as from the print. (The underlined words in the printed copy are to be joined when taking dictation. Do not underline them as you type or write the longhand.)
(3) Practice taking dictation at 60,80 , and 100 words a minute.
(4) Compare your notes with the text, and correct any errors.

Gentlemen: We are writing with respect to your request for financial information regarding the person ${ }^{1}$ employed in your department. You specify that because of the short space of time you considered it an impossibility to get a group to enter such a plan. We are especially eager to describe these commercial ${ }^{3}$ features in an interesting way. The members of our organization have the ability to make ${ }^{4}$ the description justify the time. If you approve of this plan, please notify us. Sincerely, ( 97 words)

Gentlemen: We have entered our bid in accordance with your suggestion. It is our impression that if you approve ${ }^{1}$ the plan, interest will be high. We think it should be approved. We will inquire about the desirability ${ }^{2}$ or feasibility of changes, but there is very little time. We hope that your members will come to an ${ }^{3}$ immediate agreement in favor of our plan as it now stands and that you will subscribe' to it. We also ${ }^{4}$ hope that your men will send in their subscriptions. Respectfully, (91 words)

## READING AND TRANSCRIPTION EXERCISE



## VOCABULARY BUILDING

(1) Cover the printed words and practice reading the shorthand words rapidly.
(2) Cover the shorthand words and practice writing the shorthand several times.


## LESSON 62

## READING AND RULE DISCOVERY EXERCISE

(1) Read each sentence until it can be read without referring to the print.
(2) Try to discover the rule that applies to the writing of each word.
(3) Study the rules and examples below the reading exercise.
(4) Read each sentence again several times until the rules are understood.
(5) Write the sentences from dictation until they can be written rapidly.

This year he will study psychology and biology. The findings of geology have been
-p. -
important. ${ }^{1}$ The story is based on mythology. Biological data are included in the rep, $t$ s a secede repel - pops, report. This is an ${ }^{2}$ interesting psychological report. The paper on biology is too long. $\operatorname{lin}-\operatorname{lili}_{1}$ - $\quad$ d. It is not the politic ${ }^{3}$ thing to do. The story about the Atlantic Charter is included in the
 literary section of the paper. Literally thousands ${ }^{5}$ of customers were there. This


## WRITING PRINCIPLES

## Shorthand Forms

logy
logical
liter, letter
ext hood

Abbreviations

The ending logy is expressed by disjoining a small letter 1 :
psychology sec $l$
The ending logical is expressed by adding $c$ and the final $\underline{1}$ to the disjoined small 1: biological held

The beginnings liter and letter are expressed by a joined or dis-


The prefix extr is expressed by a small $\underline{x}$ : extreme $x$

The word-ending hood is expressed by the letter h: likelihood $l^{2} h$
neighborhood nigh
thousands to

## LESSON 63

## READING AND RULE DISCOVERY EXERCISE

(1) Read each sentence until it can be read without referring to the print.
(2) Try to discover the rule that applies to the writing of each word.
(3) Study the rules and examples below the reading exercise.
(4) Read each sentence again several times until the rules are understood.
(5) Write the sentences from dictation until they can be written rapidly.


This transaction has helped the college. We shall transfer the conference on science
 to the other room. The goods are ${ }^{1}$ now in transit. Will you arrange for my
 transportation, as $I$ am to be transferred on Monday? The hydraulic ${ }^{2}$ brakes held.


He will study hydraulics. We shall send them a telegram. The program is too long.
 He will telegraph ${ }^{3}$ the report to the paper. Do you agree with the chairman? The
 agreement was mailed on Wednesday. Agriculture is ${ }^{4}$ agreeable work for some people. $r$ 'gr $l$ Cpi - $l_{q}$.
He agreed to confirm the telegram. (93 words)

## WRITING PRINCIPLES

## Shorthand Forms

trans
hydra
graph, gram


## LESSON 64

## READING AND RULE DISCOVERY EXERCISE

(1) Read each sentence until it can be read without referring to the print.
(2) Try to discover the rule that applies to the writing of each word.
(3) Study the rules and examples below the reading exercise.
(4) Read each sentence again several times until the rules are understood.
(5) Write the sentences from dictation until they can be written rapidly.


The electric current will increase the volume. The electrician will attempt to make

$$
-\varepsilon c l \quad C_{c_{11}} \quad-\quad \text { ip n } \quad \text { pr } p \text { fol } 1 \text { plod. }
$$

the electrical connections. ${ }^{1}$ The appendicitis operation was followed by peritonitis.
—nnyel per $l b, n$ - Nares. it unseal lis ec. - dr Meningitis appears to ${ }^{2}$ be on the increase. He had tonsillitis last week. The doctor

himself was ill. We ourselves need to control these ${ }^{3}$ physical things. The situation

$$
\text { cru is } n \text { k. ils. It etch } n \text { y 'ed. }
$$

will correct itself in time. I trust you will be ethical in your articles ( 80 words)

## WRITING PRINCIPLES

## Shorthand Forms

electro $\quad$ The prefix electro is expressed by a joined capital $\underline{E}$ : electric $\mathcal{E}_{c}$ electrical Ec electrician $\mathcal{E}_{1}$
titis, icitis The word-endings titis and icitis are expressed by a capital I: appendicitis $p / d$ tonsillitis unseal peritonitis penal meningitis Any
self

Abbreviations
Common Phrases

The prefix or suffix self is expressed by a disjoined small written s: himself - $\Delta$ ourselves os itself ls self-esteem se se doctor $d_{l}$ Dear Doctor $d d$

## VOCABULARY REVIEW AND DRILL

(Abbreviated words are underlined)
(1) Cover the printed words and practice reading the shorthand words rapidly.
(2) Cover the shorthand words and practice writing the shorthand several times.

| advice | Ares | electrician | $\mathcal{E}$ | ourselves | os |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| agree | 'gr | ethical | efil | peritonitis | plnd |
| agreeable | 'grel | extreme | $x$ | phases | fig |
| agreed | 'g' | extremely | $x$ - | physical | Fgcl |
| agreement | 'grm | findings | fer | politic | pile |
| agriculture | 'gr'. | followed | $f, 1-$ | program | $p q$ |
| appears | ser | geology | Hel | psychological | sucld |
| appendicitis | 'pal | helped | $l_{p}$ | psychology | sucl |
| article | 'Ricl | himself | $\cdots \mathrm{i}$ | said | sd |
| articles | 'Ricl | hydraulic | hlc | science | sun |
| Atlantic | 'Unge | hydraulics | hld | section | SEC |
| attempt | 'lopl | hydrogen | hyn | ship | $*$ |
| based | 6-1 | ill | d | situation | sil |
| biological | whel | improved | prw | telegram | $U_{q}$ |
| biology | Gel | included | Ad | telegraph | $U_{q}$ |
| boat | bel | its | $\checkmark$ | things | $\checkmark$ |
| brakes | bic | itself | ls | thousands | to |
| cared | $c^{2}$ - | letterhead | $\mathcal{L} d$ | tonsillitis | unstel |
| chairman | $\mathrm{cr}^{\prime}$ | likelihood | $l c h$ | transaction | Tic |
| charter | cr | likely | lc- | transfer | Thr |
| college | c,y | literally | L | transferred | THE |
| conference | Cfin | literary | Lire | transit | T.l |
| confirm | Cin | literature | Les | transportation | TpR |
| connections | $C_{11}$ | mailed | ll | treated | crel |
| current | cr | meningitis | nny el | treating | brel |
| customers | cr | Monday | $n$ | trust | us |
| data | $d^{\prime \prime}$ | mythology | '关 | volume | why |
| doctor | $d s$ | needs | ned | Wednesday | ed |
| electric | $\varepsilon_{c}$ | neighborhoo | nibsh | wouldn't | $d$ |

## LESSON 66

## SPEED-BUILDING BUSINESS DICTATION AND TRANSCRIPTION

(1) Study the shorthand notes below until they can be read rapidly and easily.
(2) Type or write each letter first from the print and then from the shorthand notes with the print covered until the typing or writing from the notes is as fast as from the print. (The underlined words in the printed copy are to be joined when taking dictation. Do not underline them as you type or write the longhand.)
(3) Practice taking dictation at 60,80 , and 100 words a minute.
(4) Compare your notes with the text, and correct any errors.

Dear Doctor: Your literary articles on geology and biology agree with the data which ${ }^{1}$ the science group has included in its literature. It appears that you have based your findings on a large volume ${ }^{2}$ of data and that your work is an attempt to take mythology out of the situation.

You have treated ${ }^{3}$ both biology and mythology in a politic way. We should like to have you on the program at ${ }^{4}$ our next confer ence at the college. The chairman of the program is extremely interested in your article. ${ }^{5}$ He is in charge of biological science at the college and will write you and confirm this request. Yours truly, (121 words)

Dear Sir: Our electrician will be in your neighborhood on Monday. He will check your electrical connections ${ }^{1}$ and current. In all likelihood the electric current itself is all right but the operation of the telegraph ${ }^{2}$ system needs to be improved. We want our thousands of customers in every section of the state to have ${ }^{3}$ good service.

If it is agreeable to you we should also like to have a man check on your use of hydraulic ${ }^{4}$ brakes. On this side of the Atlantic we have not given as much attention to hydraulics in agriculture s as we should. Yours truly, (105 words)

READING AND TRANSCRIPTION EXERCISE



## LESSON 67

## SPEED-BUILDING BUSINESS DICTATION AND TRANSCRIPTION

(1) Study the shorthand notes below until they can be read rapidly and easily.
(2) Type or write each letter first from the print and then from the shorthand notes with the print covered until the typing or writing from the notes is as fast as from the print. (The underlined words in the printed copy are to be joined when taking dictation. Do not underline them as you type or write the longhand.)
(3) Practice taking dictation at 60,80 , and 100 words a minute.
(4) Compare your notes with the text, and correct any errors.

Dear Sir: There have been literally thousands of extreme cases of appendicitis, tonsillitis, peritonitis ${ }^{1}$ and meningitis since our last report. These cases do not seem to be on the increase. We ourselves ${ }^{2}$ are doing all the ethical things we agreed to do and trust we have helped the physical situation. We ${ }^{3}$ have followed your advice with regard to the psychological phases of treating the ill and find psychology has little effect on cases of this kind. Yours truly, ( 90 words)

Dear Sir: The transportation company mailed a letter on our letterhead Wednesday in which they said they would charter ${ }^{1}$ a boat to ship the hydrogen to your factory at once.

I shall send you a telegram as soon as they ${ }^{2}$ complete the transaction. When the hydrogen is transferred to you our agreement will end. It is likely that the ${ }^{3}$ manager himself will take care of the transfer and see to it that the goods are well cared for in transit. Yours truly, ${ }^{4}$ ( 80 words)

READING AND TRANSCRIPTION EXERCISE



VOCABULARY BUILDING

filling

leaving lev e
Thursday Hz
yourself Ms

## LESSON 68

## READING AND RULE DISCOVERY EXERCISE

(1) Read each sentence until it can be read without referring to the print.
(2) Try to discover the rule that applies to the writing of each word.
(3) Study the rules and examples below the reading exercise.
(4) Read each sentence again several times until the rules are understood.
(5) Write the sentences from dictation until they can be written rapidly.

He will instruct the class in music. The instrument in the shop was in excellent

condition. He instructed ${ }^{1}$ his friend. The teacher is instructing the students. The eplim $n_{c}$ Id line $n$ op rc. - $n_{c}$ q ${ }_{c}$.
employment instructions include training in shop work. The instruction ${ }^{2}$ was excellent.


He will be in this vicinity soon. The community will release the students on ${ }^{3}$ the ,po $d$ '. $\uparrow$ reft $H$ ali 2 sect - for - lees
opening day. Will you refute their claims? He computed the losses. The teacher will

$$
\text { dclen - 'pic. se deli - shf } q \text { in } l l \rightarrow \text { Cgrlu }
$$

decline the application. ${ }^{4}$ She declares the certificate was mine. Let me congratulate

$$
\therefore r q u-n_{1} \curvearrowright, k l-p r o .
$$

you. Regulate the news and you control the ${ }^{5}$ press. ( 100 words)

## WRITING PRINCIPLES

## Shorthand Forms

instr The prefix instr is expressed by a disjoined capital N: instruct $n_{c}$ instrument $\eta_{m}$ instructed $n_{\underline{c}}$ instruction $n_{c}$ instructions $n_{c}$
nity The ending nifty is expressed by a disjoined capital $\underline{N}$ : vicinity $\dot{\sim} \boldsymbol{h}$ community $c n$
ulate, ulation
The ending alate is expressed by a small disjoined $\underline{u}$. The mark for ion below the $\underline{u}$ forms the combination ulation: regulate qu regulation roue congratulate Cgrlu congratulation Cgrilu

## READING AND RULE DISCOVERY EXERCISE

(1) Read each sentence until it can be read without referring to the print.
(2) Try to discover the rule that applies to the writing of each word.
(3) Study the rules and examples below the reading exercise.
(4) Read each sentence again several times until the rules are understood.
(5) Write the sentences from dictation until they can be written rapidly.

Can you postpone the exposition? Will this be an imposition on you? The exposition $\checkmark$ g $l_{p} b$ ld an. - $p \rho$ do $n$ jell l n vo of postage stamps ${ }^{1}$ will be held soon. The proposition does not appeal to one of his
 disposition. I am an authority ${ }^{2}$ on postal rules. The majority of them had no
 clofir s s ls. H b $N / f, \quad v \quad R$.
classification is useless. There will be a ratification of the order. (79 words)

## WRITING PRINCIPLES

## Shorthand Forms



## VOCABULARY BUILDING

(1) Cover the printed words and practice reading the shorthand words rapidly.
(2) Cover the shorthand words and practice writing the shorthand several times.

| allow 'lo | feel | fell | position $P$ |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| arm |  | feet | $f$ | post | $P$ |
| building lld |  | fur | $f r$ | success | seq |
| color ch |  | gone | gr | suit | st |
| desire | den |  | parcel post | $\rho$ | win |
|  |  | 70 |  |  |  |

## LESSON 70

## READING AND RULE DISCOVERY EXERCISE

(1) Read each sentence until it can be read without referring to the print.
(2) Try to discover the rule that applies to the writing of each word.
(3) Study the rules and examples below the reading exercise.
(4) Read each sentence again several times until the rules are understood.
(5) Write the sentences from dictation until they can be written rapidly.


Will you circulate the petition? The circular will go to press today. Under the
circumstances I think ${ }^{1}$ he will retract the question. Their retreat marks an important
 step in the situation. We hope he will retrieve ${ }^{2}$ his losses. The simplicity of the
 terms will increase their understandings. His tenacity is to be commended. ${ }^{3}$ ( 60 words)

## WRITING PRINCIPLES

## Shorthand Forms

circa
The prefix circu is expressed by a disjoined capital $\underline{C}_{\text {circular }}^{C h}$ circulate Cl
circum The prefix circum is expressed by a disjoined capital $C$ and the symbol for m: circumstance $C$ circumstances $C$. $S$
sits, city
anti

The endings sity and city are expressed by a written disjoined capital S: simplicity $\frac{1}{\sin } \delta$ tenacity $\ln \delta$
The prefix anti is expressed by a disjoined capital A: antidote $A d /$,
anticipate Asp pl $^{\prime \prime}$

## VOCABULARY BUILDING

(1) Cover the printed words and practice reading the shorthand words rapidly.
(2) Cover the shorthand words and practice writing the shorthand several times.


## LESSON 71

VOCABULARY REVIEW AND DRILL
(Abbreviated words are underlined)
(1) Cover the printed words and practice reading the shorthand words rapidly.
(2) Cover the shorthand words and practice writing the shorthand several times.

| among | $\cdots$ | held | -ld | regulations | rqu" |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| appeal | 'pel | imposition | - $\rho$ | relations | rel |
| application | 'plic, | instruct | $n_{c}$ | release | reles |
| authority | 'fR | instructed | $n_{c}$ | retract | retric |
| certificate | sef | instructing | nc | retreat | selrel |
| circular | ch | instruction | $n_{c}$ | retrieve | selrev |
| circulate | Cll | instructions | $n_{c}$ | rules | nel |
| claims | d' | instrument | $n_{m}$ | shop | A,p |
| clarity | cl | losses | ls | simplicity | s.pls |
| classification | clisfo | majority | $\rightarrow R$ | stamps | Spp |
| commended | $\cdots$ | marks | Inc | step |  |
| community | $\ldots n$ | mine | -m | students | d |
| computed | cot | music | -gic | teacher | lear |
| congratulate | Cgríu | news | $n$ | tenacity | Ln |
| country | Clre | opening | spn | terms | L |
| declares | delir | petition | pel | their | h |
| decline | dclen | plans | plon | thousand | to |
| disposition | sop | postal | Pl | toward | L, |
| employment | epplim | postpone | $P_{p, n}$ | training | in |
| excellent | Us | press | prs | understandings | us |
| exposition | $\checkmark$ | proposition | $\rho^{\rho}$ | useless | sls |
| familiarity | FR | ratification | rul, | vicinity | sish |
| friend | fr | refute | refes | view | N, |
| happy | -pe | regulate | squ | years | ys |

## LESSON 72

## SPEED-BUILDING BUSINESS DICTATION AND TRANSCRIPTION

(1) Study the shorthand notes below until they can be read rapidly and easily.
(2) Type or write each letter first from the print and then from the shorthand notes with the print covered until the typing or writing from the notes is as fast as from the print. (The underlined words in the printed copy are to be joined when taking dictation. Do not underline them as you type or write the longhand.)
(3) Practice taking dictation at 60,80 , and 100 words a minute.
(4) Compare your notes with the text, and correct any errors.

Dear Sir: Your application for employment declares you have some familiarity with postal regulations. ${ }^{1}$ We have an excellent situation in your vicinity. The opening will include work on the ratification ${ }^{2}$ of claims. We will provide instruction for students who wish to accept our proposition. The enclosed ${ }^{3}$ circular is being sent to each teacher in your community. If you wish further information please call on us. Yours truly, (84 words)

Dear Sir: You are to be commended for the clarity of your instructions. The simplicity of the rules is ${ }^{1}$ a long step toward their clarity. What disposition will you make of the useless certificate? The classification ${ }^{2}$ of the losses will help to regulate the terms of the petition. I hope it will not be an imposition ${ }^{3}$ on you if we have to postpone the release of this news to the press. Yours truly, ( 75 words)

READING AND TRANSCRIPTION EXERCISE



## SPEED-BUILDING BUSINESS DICTATION AND TRANSCRIPTION

(1) Study the shorthand notes below until they can be read rapidly and easily.
(2) Type or write each letter first from the print and then from the shorthand notes with the print covered until the typing or writing from the notes is as fast as from the print. (The underlined words in the printed copy are to be joined when taking dictation. Do not underline them as you type or write the longhand.)
(3) Practice taking dictation at 60,80 , and 100 words a minute.
(4) Compare your notes with the text, and correct any errors.

Dear Sir: When do you plan to appeal to the majority regarding their understandings about the shop rules ${ }^{1}$ Their training marks a new step in shop relations. With the decline of authority, it is held by some that ${ }^{2}$ the men will refute the rules. This view is not mine. As a friend of the men, you can circulate among them and instruct ${ }^{3}$ them, lIam certain they will congratulate you on your work. Yours truly, ( 73 words)

Dear Sir: He has been instructing at the music exposition for many years. It is computed that he has ${ }^{1}$ instructed over five thousand students. His tenacity has helped many to learn an instrument. His work stamps ${ }^{2}$ him as a great teacher. He has lost much money in this work. It is our hope that he will retrieve his losses and ${ }^{3}$ then retreat to his home in the country.

It may be necessary for him to retract on his plans but he will ${ }^{4}$ not be happy without his work. Yours truly, ( 87 words)

## READING AND TRANSCRIPTION EXERCISE



## PART II

## ADVANCED DICTATION AND TRANSCRIPTION

This section of the text is designed to give further practice in taking and transcribing dictation. Each letter contains a few new words. The new words are in dark type and the shorthand outlines are shown to the right of the letter.

If you need to refresh your memory regarding outlines for other words, you can refer to the vocabulary pages at the end of the book. In some cases the vocabulary gives only the root form of the word. The addition of such endings as by, ing, ed, s, and er is not always shown since you have already learned how to make such endings.

When you have completed the beginning and advanced sections of the text you will have learned the shorthand outlines for more than 3000 of the most commonly used words. These 3000 words are reliably estimated to cover $\mathbf{9 7 \%}$ of all dictated material.

## suggested learning steps for each letter

Step 1. Practice writing each new word several times in shorthand.
Step 2. Write the entire letter in shorthand until you are sure you can write each word without hesitation.
Step 3. Observe the English and spelling problems involved and be certain you understand them.
Step 4. Practice taking each letter from dictation at sixty, eighty, or one hundred words a minute, according to your own ability.

Step 5. Transcribe the material dictated until you can do so without hesitation.
Repeat these five steps for each of the letters.

## 1

Dear Sir:
I hope you will pardon the delay on your order. The bag contraining the tan cap fell in the mud. When ${ }^{1}$ we tried to wash it in a weak soap it was altogether a miserable failure.

The damage may be smaller ${ }^{2}$ when the laundry completes its work, so be of good cheer.


Yours truly, (52 words)

Gentlemen:
We are necessarily concerned over the excess population in your area. Congress ${ }^{1}$ has told the treasurer to map out a plan with the Department of Commerce to work out a joint course of action ${ }^{2}$.

We hope the work will not be in vain, and that Congress will not kill the bill when it comes up thereby making it ${ }^{3}$ impossible to deal with the situation.

Yours truly, ( 70 words)

## 3

Dear Jerry:
I received your letter wherein you expressed an interesting theory about marriage. In fact it ${ }^{1}$ was quite a sermon. I do not wish to mar the ideas of one who is wed to such a point of view, but when' you get old and lonesome, it will be your funeral.

Remember the last lap of life is often the most difficult ${ }^{8}$. Let me hear from you again, as I enjoy your thoughts.

Sincerely, ( 72 words)

## 4

Dear Sir:
We are in the wholesale market for coffee, sugar, tea, grain, meal, butter, fish and honey. Doubtless you know ${ }^{1}$ that our terms are strictly cash. We have inquired elsewhere but in compliance with our memo we divided our ${ }^{2}$ patronage among our northern friends.

If you will quote your minimum prices and dispatch a wire to us soon with an ${ }^{3}$ itemized and revised set of delivery dates we shall appreciate it.

Yours truly, ( 77 words)

## 5

Dear May:
I am sure you will laugh when you see the pair of cases I tried to sew. My hand is raw and it's my ${ }^{1}$ intention to relieve the pain with a special cream. The work is very rough and far from ideal. But I am lucky: that they came out fairly well. If I knew how to operate the machine it would have been unnecessary to ${ }^{3}$ work so long.

I am going to sit in the big chair now and take a nap as I do not feel equal to staying' up any longer.

Lovingly, ( 85 words)


6
Dear Madam:
Do you ever envy the one who can write a song, a poem, or a cute short story? Does your soul seem ${ }^{1}$ to die for lack of a tie with the arts?

We can help you realize your ambitions if you have the strength to throw ${ }^{2}$ off old ties. Our educational column in the magazines and journals provides a universal medium ${ }^{3}$ of expression. We can teach you to sell your materials.

Of course, we go unpaid if what we outline ${ }^{4}$ for you does not result in success.

Sincerely, (88 words)

## 7

Dear Sir:
The executive desk we ordered hasn't arrived. Can you tell us what became of the order? It must ${ }^{1}$ be somewhere at the manafacturer's storage warehouse. Heretofore our orders have been readily filled from your ${ }^{2}$ southern office. We hope the cause of the delay will soon be discovered and the desk duly shipped.

We are working ${ }^{3}$ at capacity and hope to catch our dealers ready for our stationery supplies before they have a strike ${ }^{4}$. May we urge you to write us soon?

> Sincerely, (88 words)

## 8

## Dear Sir:

I myself am at fault since the library sent me a notice twice. I could easily have complied with ${ }^{1}$ this request, but I was behind in my work then. The sooner I replace the book, the better it will be.

In the ${ }^{\mathbf{2}}$ meantime, neither blame nor neglect will improve the prospect for better relations. I hate to depend on others ${ }^{\mathbf{3}}$ to carry out this responsibility.

For your sake I should not have overlooked the complaint when it was first ${ }^{4}$ received. I appreciate your kindness.

> Sincerely, (89 words)

## 9

Dear Sir:
Not one cent has been spent on the campaign. The central committee has been valuable and frequently ${ }^{1}$ effective. It is familiar with the liberal newspaper and will insist on a recall electimon if ${ }^{2}$ the Justice is elected.

Our failure to develop suitable and practical vote-getting plans in the ${ }^{3}$ cities has me worried. The worst that could happen is that we might have terrible luck with the crowd at the banquet. We ${ }^{4}$ hope to make a wise choice; then they may cooperate.

Sincerely, (91 words)




10
Dear Madam:
This is to report on the recent examination of your son.
He has two loose teeth that need ${ }^{1}$ attention. His ear and nose examination show normal results. He reports his neck is sore. His mouth and throat ${ }^{2}$ appear normal. Around his waist there is a slight swelling. This may be caused by the rubber belt he wears. His height is ${ }^{\mathbf{8}}$ normal.

He says the coach wants him to give up chemistry, but I advised against it. I hope you agree.

He says he ${ }^{4}$ does not smoke and I believe he would not lie about it.

Sincerely, (92 words)
11
Dear Sir:
Our ticket agency is a short distance from the retail section of your town. There is room to park, and ${ }^{1}$ you avoid heavy cross traffic. We have a variety of plays from which to select and we shall be glad to ${ }^{2}$ reserve tickets for you.

Going to the theater is a. handsome way to entertain. It is easier; you ${ }^{\mathbf{s}}$ don't get weary; and your guest isn't worn out. Yes, it is a real treat.

We invite you to call us. Our reliable 4 reputation has been the foundation of our success.

Faithfully yours, (93 words)
12

## A Point of View

The friendship of a dog is often of great comfort. The joy of owning a horse can lead to $\mathbf{a}^{1}$ rich experience. Man's existence often depends as much on such relations as on food.

I always feel sad ${ }^{2}$ for those who have omitted the delightful and occasional friendships of dogs and horses. This remark may sound ${ }^{3}$ foolish to some, but I never tire nor complain when I have my favorite dog or horse with me. Nor do $I^{4}$ envy the poet, the minister, or the king when I am alone with such friends. (94 words)

## 13

## Gentlemen:

We have drawn a check against the deposit we recently made at your bank. Afterwards we shall check ${ }^{1}$ our signature to make certain it is in correct form. It is our custom to stamp the date beside the name of ${ }^{2}$ the city.

If your cashier thinks we need more capital to handle C. O. D. shipments, we shall try to keep $a^{8}$ medium amount on deposit.

An enclosure is hereto attached in partial payment of our note. This will ${ }^{4}$ pay the interest and principal from the first to the tenth inclusive.

Sincerely, (95 words)

be

${ }_{\substack{g \\ s}}$ belem


din digit
tolls sq cr

cor col cod
A ere, perse

14
Dear Bill:
When the storm struck the wall and the row of nut trees I thought it would blow out to sea, but the wind seemed to be ${ }^{1}$ an engine of the devil.

I saw the wind rip out the rose tree, pick it up, and roll it over. It was lost. But ${ }^{2}$ that's not all. I got a photograph of the clock and bell across the road as they fell over. The cat and pig were safe in the barn.

It was not simple for me to save your stove, pan, cap, and hose. Goodness knows I tired. But I was taught ${ }^{4}$ one thing; namely, folk do not toy with nature. One must trust in the Lord at such times.

Affectionately, (98 words)
15
Dear Madam:
We should like to make you a trial offer of our new poundcake mix. I am sure you would find it helpful ${ }^{1}$ and you will forever bless the day we introduced it to you.

The pamphlet enclosed will, I am certain, command ${ }^{2}$ your attention. You will find it a great source of household aids. On the opposite side of the sixth page you will ${ }^{3}$ find how to make a nice luncheon drink.

If you will return the card through your post office we will send you a trial ${ }^{4}$ package of the cake mix that will make the kind of cakes grandma used to make seem like a joke.

Sincerely, (98 words)
16
Gentlemen:
We do not claim we can move heaven, the earth or the moon even an inch. But we are jealous of our ${ }^{1}$ ability to handle corpsration problems.

If you are involved in grave or severe federal relations ${ }^{2}$, we can arrange our calendar so that we can assist you. We will do the missionary work and sow the ${ }^{\mathbf{3}}$ seed for future business. We can reverse the trend of sales.

Our membership in the golf club provides golden ${ }^{4}$ opportunities to collar some big orders. You assume no liability until we produce.

Sincerely, (99 words)

17
To All Laketown High School Students:
This term your team hopes to beat all others and thus round out a grand year. Even though ${ }^{1}$ we should suffer a defeat by our neighbor, we have the courage to maintain our belief in our ambition ${ }^{2}$.

Graduation exercises are not far off and we want them to be outstanding. I hope you will join me in $a^{\mathbf{8}}$ resolution to forever master the art of a generous attitude toward all men. We have had at glorious year, it is essential now that we observe patience and presence of mind in all we do.

I know you wills not disappoint me.
Sincerely, (106 words)


Dear June:
This session my roommate and I will go home for Thanksgiving. She will announce her engagement at the ${ }^{1}$ institute. Her sweetheart will give her a ring. Several soldiers will be there who will take her and my niece to the ${ }^{2}$ movies and a football game. I shall go swimming.

We will bring a trunk. I know this seems silly, but we want the maid to ${ }^{3}$ repair a number of dresses for us. I have really been homesick and also lazy. And I feel so ancient ${ }^{4}$ now that May is going to marry.

I am such a poor correspondent that I wonder why anyone writes to ${ }^{5}$ me. Ill be seeing you soon.

> Love, (106 words)

## 19

Dear Jane:
I don't know what I shall wear when I graduate. The new rule does not make it easy to determine what ${ }^{1}$ would be in good taste for the reception. I am going to wear my plain blue cotton skirt and white sweater to the ${ }^{2}$ basketball game. I hope I do not look too domestic. You looked darling in that dark model outfit at the student ${ }^{3}$ activities program.

I need to study that English lesson for the junior test on poetry. The Danger ${ }^{4}$ Theater program makes me so nervous that I don't dare think about it, but I do want to listen to it.

I'lls see you on campus tomorrow.
As ever, (108 words)

## 20

Dear Sir:
We find somebody made an overcharge on the dining set and radio cabinet sent to you. The charges ${ }^{1}$ for the piano, the rag, and the silver were correct. It is the company's error and unless there is $\mathbf{}^{\mathbf{2}}$ some objection on your part we will grant you proper credit on the fifth of the month.

Future shipments to you will ${ }^{3}$ be sent over the new Eastern Coast truck route. We formerly used the Valley route but the new route along the seat will cut the time by one half.

We have a new lumber depot under lease at this destination which will help us ${ }^{5}$ to manage our costs better and limit waste. Yours truly, (110 words)

21
Dear Sir:
We have a patent on a new carbon scale that will not rub off. The new carbon is thin and stiff along ${ }^{1}$ the edge so that your secretary will not get a headache trying to use it. I am certain it will score $a^{2}$ hit with her. It will not get her hands dirty, and we warrant each sheet.

Whether you order a million sheets or one ${ }^{3}$ dozen, you are insured of a wholly satisfactory quality. We can tip you off that there will be $a^{4}$ rise in prices soon.

Unfortunately our plant is booked solid for the remainder of the week. There may be $\mathbf{a}^{3}$ short delay in turning out a big order. Sincerely, (111 words)


22
Gentlemen:
None of the ladies likes the feature kitchen. All agree that it is unusual. They do not think it ${ }^{1}$ will be suitable nor popular. They prefer the modern rather than the fancy.

I think we can satisfy ${ }^{2}$ them if we use the latest pattern for the corner and center arrangement. Of course, no one can guarantee that ${ }^{3}$ we can prevent their criticism.

I am frank to admit that we should not manufacture this expensive ${ }^{4}$ product unless we are positive that it will rapidly come into fashion. I am most thankful to you for ${ }^{5}$ your sincere review of the specifications.

Yours truly, (111 words)

## 23

To Our Customers:
Death takes a ride in every motor car that is driven fast, especially when it is not ${ }^{1}$ in good repair. You do not want to end up in a hospital because you forgot. Nor do you want to hurt ${ }^{2}$ someone because you drove a defective car.

We are equipped to render you the service you need before you begin ${ }^{3}$ your holiday journey. We offer the highest degree of intelligent service at the lowest prices.

Don't ${ }^{4}$ sacrifice your life at the wheel of an unsafe car when our garage is so handy. We have the finest machinerys for every purpose. We shall be looking for you.

Sincerely, (112 words)

## 24

Dear Doctor:
My son avoids society but my daughter likes the excitement of travel, the stage, and political ${ }^{1}$ activities.

The fraternity to which my son belongs does not seem to succeed in getting him to ${ }^{2}$ be cheerful. It would be a relief to me if you could suggest some way to interest him in using his leisure ${ }^{3}$ time more positively. He is not religious. He respects his parents and is lively at home.

We have engaged ${ }^{4}$ in a long search for some way to rid him of his dull, exclusive attitude. We recognize that we may be mistaken ${ }^{5}$ about him, but we suspect his mood may cause him trouble.

Sincerely, (113 words)

## 25

Dear Sir:
We can take possession of the desirable land at the foot of the lake as soon as we settle the ${ }^{1}$ estate. The flat parcel of land near the railway is not laid out to join the wood lot.

Since we are desirous of ${ }^{2}$ getting a clear title soon, we hope you will cast your vote in favor of the deal. Can you tell us what the taxes $^{3}$ are for the farther removed part of the property?

We hope the deed can be executed and then an announcement 4 will be made soon. Of course, it would be cheaper if the beach and mountain property were taxed in proportion to their value. We shall look for a letter from you soon.

Yours respectfully, (113 words)

$d r$


NS

Dear Madam:
The necessity for truth is awfully important in cases such as this. Nobody who is ${ }^{1}$ human would expect such strange oversight on the part of a member of a faculty. It certainly is not $\mathbf{a}^{\mathbf{2}}$ mark of her faith, nor it is worthy of sympathy. I will seriously investigate who was responsible ${ }^{3}$, so that a misunderstanding like this does not extend beyond herself.

Farlier this semester there was at series of needless official acts that we shall not want to repeat. I know you will be sensible about anys demonstration, and that you will lend your moral support in every way.

Sincerely, (115 words)

## 27

Dear Madam:
Did you ever hear a little boy say "Hello" or "Goodby" to his dad? Have you seen the boy give him ${ }^{1}$ a hug or kiss when he returns exhansted at night? If you have, you know what a comfortable feeling it is ${ }^{2}$.

A dad who is a pal to his son is a noble person; whereas if he is not, there is often sorrow, and ${ }^{\mathbf{3}}$ sunshine is absent from his life. A child fed on tender care is getting good medicinc. He may not be a genius ${ }^{4}$, but there will be nothing false or soft about him.

Our school cannot, of course, take the place of a parent, but we dos offer much in the way of help for boys. We would be happy to call and tell you about our school.

Sincerely, (119 words)

28
Dear Sir:
A senior of my acquaintance will register for military service inside of twelve months. He is ${ }^{1}$ fortunate that he can serve his nation. He hopes to be assigned as an officer in the navy. He is a ${ }^{2}$ devoted and genuine young man. He is clever, has a good memory and is a delight to have around ${ }^{3}$.

If you need a good man to work with your salesmen, you will find he is a remarkable person. Wages are not ${ }^{4}$ too important to him. He wants as much civil experience as possible. He will be glad to correspond ${ }^{5}$ with you.

I hope it will be his good fortune to be with the largest firm of its kind until he begins his ${ }^{6}$ military service.
Yours truly, (126 words)

Gentlemen:
We plan to lay chapter one on your desk soon. Our prayer is that you will heartily $\mathbf{O}$. K. it.

When ${ }^{1}$ the work was begun I sat down with mixed feelings. I wondered whether I was a fool to try to represent such ${ }^{\mathbf{2}}$ a famons captain of industry in that way. In spite of it all I've stood up quite well. If it hadn't made $a^{\mathbf{8}}$ hit with the women I think I would not have gone beyond the first paragraph.

I am, of course, excited about the renewal of your appointment as editor. Did it ever occur to you that sudden fate set the scheme ${ }^{5}$ of the entire story? I am sure I have done no harm to remind you of this.

I shall look for a sentence ore two from you soon.
Cordially yours, ( 126 words)

## 30

Dear Sir:
As guardian of Mark, I wish to voice the kindest relation with his parents. They deserve earnest ${ }^{1}$ attention. I am grateful for their capable manner, and the affectionate display they made on his behalf.

The weekly ${ }^{2}$ visitor keeps him from being lonely. Furthermore the keen competition of baseball has used his energy ${ }^{\text {a }}$ and given him freedom he had never enjoyed.

I am certain when you interview him you will recognize ${ }^{4}$ that his charming dignity is a delight to all of us. His happiness has meant a fresh point of view for all.

I thought at first I would go crazy. He stayed mad so much of the time. His interests were dead and he was mighty ${ }^{6}$ hard to bear, but we were patient and we will stick by him.

Sincerely, (132 words)

## 31

Dear Sir:
We offer for sale a rock lodge away from dust, noise, heat, and close to a fine private fishing hole. The soil at ${ }^{1}$ the rear of the lodge will not pack. And in the spring the trees are in full flower. If you want spring fever to get into ${ }^{2}$ your blood, this is the place for you.

There is a tennis court and a square frame chicken house with a metal roof. There is a small race track just over the hill. A stone oven in the rear of the house is just the place to prepare $\mathbf{a}^{4}$ basket of good things to eat.

The house on the hill across from this place was built at the turn of the century ${ }^{5}$. Wherever you may go, you will never again find a scene such as this. Birds, bees, a hen here, another there.

We cannot ${ }^{6}$ hold this offer much longer, so please call us if you are interested in a map of the place.

Sincerely ${ }^{7}$, ( 140 words)
 by 1





To Our Customers:
Farmers themselves find it difficult to know whether to feed corn to a cow and milk her, or ${ }^{1}$ feed corn to a hog and sell it, or work for another at a salary. Seldom has the farmer been caught in $^{2}$ a worse combination of events. His inability to trace even a temporary independent ${ }^{3}$ course has caused him to make unfortunate decisions.

If he could depend upon climate he could establish markets for ${ }^{4}$ potatoes, poultry, meat, wool, or cattle. He could keep profitably occupied. But rain is scarce, water supply ${ }^{5}$ is not steady, and birds partly destroy his crops.

Our service is organized to make a thorough inventory ${ }^{6}$ of your situation and to work out a schedule for you that will help you make the right decision. You can ${ }^{7}$ depend on our honesty. You risk nothing.

A call to us may prove to be very profitable and to our ${ }^{*}$ mutual advantage. May I look forward to hearing from you?

Sincerely, (173 words)


## INTRODUCTION TO THE VOCABULARY

When a word is written in word lists it is good practice to insert those vowels that distinguish the word from other words that have the same consonants. For example, care and core have the same consonants. By inserting the a vowel and the o vowel in a word list the words are clearly read. If, however, the words appear in a sentence such as, "I will take care," or "He ate the core of the apple," the words are easily recognized without the vowels from their use in the sentences.

In the vocabulary list on the following pages most vowels have been included. Many of these would be omitted when taking dictation of familiar material.






| commended | C - | conduct | Cdc | convention | Con |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| comment | C | conference | Cfin | conversation | Crrs |
| commerce | crs | confess | Cls | convey | Cr* |
| commercial | $c \operatorname{rol}$ | confidence | fidn | convinced | Cvn |
| commission | $C$ | confident | n | cook | $C C$ |
| committee | c le | confirm | fi | cool | Cl |
| common | $c n$ | congratulate | grilu | cooperate | cpr'l |
| communicate | $c$ nicl | congress | $c$ cos | cooperation | cpir |
| communication | $c$ nic | connected |  | copies | cpe |
| community | $c n$ | connection |  | copy | c,pe |
| company |  | connections |  | cordially | C,Y- |
| company's |  | consent | Con | corn | c,rn |
| compare | $c p^{\prime}$ | consequence |  | corner | crorr |
| comparison | c pirion | consequently | sq- | corporation | c,rpi |
| compelled | $c \mathrm{pl}$ | consider | cidr | correct | c,re |
| competition | $c$ | considerable | Csidrbl | correspond | crs |
| complain |  | consideration | Coidr | correspondence | crsn |
| complaint | c | considered | Csidr | correspondent | cus |
| complete | coplel | constant | Cl | cost | c, |
| completed | colel | constantly | CS- | costs | c, |
| compliance | c plin | constitution | csil | cotton | c,n |
| compliment | c plim | construction | Cs | could | cd |
| comply | cople | contain | Cln | couldn't | c्d |
| computed | $\cdots$ p | content | Cl | council | s |
| concern | Cosn | contest | , | count |  |
| concerning | Corn | continue |  | country | Cre |
| concert | Csp | contract | $k^{\prime}$ | county | Cle |
| conclude | cld | contrary | kre | couple | cp |
| conclusion | Ccl | contrast | $k^{\prime} S$ | courage | cr |
| concrete | Ccred | control | kl | course | c,s |
| condition | Cd | convenience | $n$ | court | $\mathcal{C}$ |
| conditions | Cd | convenient | Gven | courtesy | crlise |



| direct | dirc | dozen | dsen | eat | el |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| dirty | drle | draft | drf | edge | $\mu$ |
| disappoint | Depin | draw | dr' | edition | ed |
| discount | DC | drawn | drin | editor | edich |
| discovered | Dens | dream | dre | education | $e d c_{1}$ |
| discuss | des | dress | drs | educational | $e d$ cl |
| dispatch | Dop' | drink | drec | effect | efc |
| display | Opl' | drive | drev | effective | efcer |
| dispose | Dp,9 | drop | drp | effort | eff |
| disposition | Op | drove | dru | egg | eq |
| distance | Onn | dry | dre | either | ets |
| distribution | Ob, | due | $d$ | elected | elc |
| district | Orc | dull | $d l$ | eléction | elc |
| divided | dived | duly | $d-$ | electric | $\varepsilon c_{c}$ |
| division | $d v_{1}$ | duplicate | dplicl | electrical | Ecl |
| do | $d$ | during | dre | electrician | $\varepsilon$ |
| doctor | $d r$ | dust | ds | eleven | 11 |
| document | d,cm | duty | dle | else | els |
| does | $d s$ | each | $\epsilon$ | elsewhere | els |
| doesn't | $d g$ | eager | egr | employed | epli |
| dog | $d, 9$ | ear | er | employees | eplie |
| doing | $d$ | earlier | erns | employment | - plim |
| dollar | f | earliest | en-s | empty | epple |
| dollars | * | early | er- | enable | n'bl |
| domestic | d Sc | earnest | erns | enclose | a |
| done | $d n$ | earth | ert | enclosed | - |
| don't | $d_{1}$ | case | eq | enclosing | ¢ |
| door | $d r$ | easier | eger | enclosure | ts |
| double | dbl | easily | eq- | end | $\cdots$ |
| doubt | do | east | es | endeavor | ndw |
| doubtless | dols | eastern | eSrn | energy | Nrye |
| down | don | easy | ege | engaged | ngt |
|  |  |  | 92 |  |  |


| engagement engine | ngym | everyone everything | $V_{n}$ | explanation | pln |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| English | $\underbrace{}_{r o}$ | everywhere | $V_{p}$ | express | prs |
| enjoy | njei | evidence | evidn | extend | 1 |
| enough | $n$ | evidently | evid－ | extension | Vn |
| enter | $\sim$ | evil | evt | extent | ル |
| entered | $\xrightarrow{\sim}$ | exact | Vc | extra | $\times$ |
| entertain ${ }^{-}$ | ～rln | exactly | Ve－ | extreme | $x$ |
| entire | ner | examination | $\because n$ | extremely | $x$－－ |
| entirely | ner－ | examine | $n$ | eye | 1 |
| entitled | sull | example | $\cdots p l$ | eyes | $\checkmark$ |
| envelope | nolp | exceedingly | led－ | face | fos |
| envy | Nue | excellent | ル | fact | fic |
| equal | eql | except | Vep | factory | ficlue |
| equipment | eqpem | exception | lep | faculty | focle |
| equipped | eqp | excess | les | fail |  |
| error | ur | exchange | kej | failed | 6 |
| especially | est－ | excited | vel | failure | fer |
| essential | esmol | excitement | verm | fair | fr |
| establish | es'b | exclusive | vesv | fairly | fr－ |
| establishment | esbm | excuse | Les Vo | faith | H／ |
| establishment | \＆ | executed | Vecl |  | bile |
| estate | el | executed |  | faithfully | for |
| estimate | ed | executive | lec | fall | 12 |
| estimates | ed u/ | exercise | vrsus | false | fels |
|  | elc．－ | exhausted | ） | familiar | or |
| etc． | enc． | exhausted | $\cdots$ | familiar | frr |
| ethical | etcl． | existence | －Jn | familiarity | for |
| even | len | expect |  | family | f－－ |
| evening | evor | expected | ac | famous | 1 1－5 |
| event | 回 | expense |  |  | ， |
| event | Wr | expense | pn | fancy | frese |
| ever | $V$ | expensive | prov | far | fr |
| every | $V$ | experience | bern | farm | fr |
|  | Vhode |  | peln |  | ） |
| everybody | Vode | explain | pen | farther | frotz |



| freight | fre | genius | jenys | grade | grid |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| frequently | fro - | gentleman | $\xrightarrow{n}$ | graduate | grad |
| fresh | fro | gentlemen | $\bigcirc$ | graduation | grid |
| Friday | fru | geniune | $m, n$ | grain | grin |
| friend | fr | geology | jel | grand | $g{ }^{\prime}$ |
| friendship | fros | get | gl | grandma | $g^{\prime}$ |
| from | pr | gets | g | grant | gr |
| front |  | getting | gl | grass | grs |
| fruit | fres | gift | afl | grateful | grifl |
|  | O |  | gf |  | grof |
| full | fl | girl | grl | grave | gro |
| fully | bi- | give | giv | gray | $g r^{\prime}$ |
| fun | fn | given | gion | great |  |
| fund |  | gives | gi | greatest | gro |
| fundamental | hronl | giving | gr | greatly | $g r-$ |
| funeral | fresel | glad | $g l$ | green | gren |
|  | Gre | gladly | $g l-$ | grief |  |
| funny | fre | gladly | gor | griel | gref |
| fur | or | glass | gls | gross | grs |
| furnace | fns | glorious | glrs | ground | gro |
| furnish | $f n *$ | go | 9 | group | grp |
| furniture | frics | god | g,d | grow | gr, |
| further | br | goes | $g$ | grown | gren |
| furthermore | H2 | going | gr | guarantee | $g^{2}$ ce |
|  | 0 | gold | gld |  | $1 ?$ |
| future | fer | gold | g,d | guard | g |
| gain | g'n | golden | gldn | guardian | gen |
|  | gln |  |  |  |  |
| gallon | gen | golf | g,g | guess | gs |
| game | g | gone | gn | guest | g |
| garage | g'r | good | 9 | guilty | gill |
|  | 10 |  | gb | habit | 1 |
| garden | gen | good-by | $g b$ | habit | , |
| gas | gs | goodness | gns | had | d |
|  | , |  | - |  | d |
| gave | gr | goods | $g$ | hadn't | d |
| general | mril | got | gl | hair | ${ }^{\prime}$ |
|  | yord |  | g) |  | 7 |
| generous | pros | government | grom | half | 0 |


| hall | 1 | heaven | Vn | holiday | $l d^{\prime}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| hand | $\xrightarrow{1}$ | heavy | F-1 | home | 7 |
| handle | $\xrightarrow{1}$ | height | 2 | homesick | $\rightarrow$ Soc |
| handled | $\xrightarrow{1}$ | held | ld | honest | ,ns |
| handling | , | hello | $l$, | honesty | nse |
| hands | $\xrightarrow{1}$ | help | lp | honey | ne |
| handy | $1 \sim$ | helped | lp | honor | ,n |
| handsome | ) 2 | helpful | -lpfl | hope | $T p$ |
| hang | $\cdots$ | hen | -n | hoped | $p$ |
| happen | 'pn | hence | $-n$ | hoping | TR |
| happiness | Ipins | her | $\rightarrow$ | horse | , 2 |
| happy | top | here | er | hose | -19 |
| hard | P | hereto | cerd | hospital | sll |
| harm | r | heretofore | ercfr | hot | 7 |
| has | - | herewith | er | hotel | $\pi$ |
| hasn't | -18 | herself | $\rightarrow \Delta$ | hour | 0 |
| hat | 7 | hesitate | gU1 | hours | $\sigma$ |
| hate | 7 | high |  | house | $\bigcirc$ |
| have | $\checkmark$ | higher | rr | household | oreld |
| haven't | 2 | highest | $\checkmark 5$ | how | $\bigcirc$ |
| having | $\checkmark$ | highly | てー | however | oV |
| hay | - | hill | if | hug | 9 |
| he | $l$ | hills | t | human |  |
| head | d | him | $\cdots$ | hundred | - |
| headache | d'c | himself | $i$ - | hurry | $\cdots$ |
| health | lt | his | S | hurt | $R$ |
| hear | er | history | Ire | husband | -qb |
| heard | $P$ | hit | 7 | hydraulic | hlc |
| hearing | cr | hog | 3 | hydraulics | hlc |
| heart | $\mathcal{R}$ | hold | Ild | hydrogen | hyn |
| heartily | 'R | holding | 'ld | I | , |
| heat | -el | hole | $\xrightarrow{1}$ | ice | Us |


| idea ideal | ude' <br> udel | increase indeed | Nores Noded | interested <br> interesting | $\sim \frac{s}{8}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| if | \% | independent | ndp | interview | $\overbrace{}^{n}$ |
| I'll |  | indicate |  | into |  |
| ill | - | individual | ndivdl | introduced | mrds- |
| illness | lns | industrial | ndsil | invade | nod |
| I'm | L | influence | nfn | inventory | Nomere |
| imagine | -in | inform | $n f_{2}$ | investigate | nvog't |
| immediate | - ed | information | nfor, | investment | nobm |
| imply | - ple | informed | $n f_{2}$ | invitation | Noit |
| importance | -p | ink | - | invite | noul |
| important |  | inquire | $n g$ | invoice | no |
| imposition | - $P$ | inquiry | nqe | invoices | nor |
| impossibility | -ps $\beta$ | inside | nos | involved | nows |
| impossible | -psbl | insist | nge | iron | crn |
| impress | - pro | inspection | nsc | is | S |
| impression | pror | instance | nsn | isn't | $s$ |
| improve | -prer | instant | ns | issue | ; |
| improved | - prer | instead | n2sd | issued | 'A- |
| improvement | -prom | institute | ruete | it | 1 |
| in | $n$ | instruct | $n_{c}$ | item | U |
| inability | nB | instructed | $n ¢$ | itemized | ulq |
| inasmuch | no e | instructing | ne | items | U |
| inch | ne | instruction | $n_{c}$ | $\underline{\text { it's }}$ | Ls |
| incline | In | instructions | Mc | its | $\checkmark$ |
| inclined | In | instrument | $n_{m}$ | itself | ls |
| include | td | insurance | nosn | I've | u |
| included | td | insured | nos | January | 'n |
| inclusion | - | intelligent | nuly | jealous | res |
| inclusive | dov | intend | nu | job | b |
| income | Nc | intention | nun | John |  |
| inconvenience | ncvenn | interest | nis |  | fiv |
|  |  | interest | nos | join | jun |


| joint | jin | lace | l's | leaving | leve |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| joke | jec | lack | l'c | lecture | lcer |
| journal | fronl | ladies | l'de | led | ld |
| journey | jone | lading | l'd | left | efe |
| joy | ji | lady | l'de | leg | lg |
| judge | ${ }_{H}$ | laid | l'd | legal | legl |
| judgment | Hfm | lake | l'c | leisure | lest |
| July | jo | land | l' | length | lot |
| jump | Kp | languag | l 1 | less | ls |
| June | kr | lap | lp | lesson | lsn |
| junior | krys | large | ${ }^{3}$ | let | $l$ |
| just | ¢ | largely | by- | letter | $\mathcal{L}$ |
| justice | ks | larger | biys | letterhead | $\mathcal{L} d$ |
| justify | \% | largest | lys | letters | $\mathcal{L}$ |
| keen | cen | last | lig | liability | l/ |
| keep | cp | late | l' | liberal | libl |
| kept | cpl | lately | ll | liberty | libsle |
| kid | cd | later | ler | library | lebire |
| kill | $c \mathrm{cl}$ | latest | lis | lie | le |
| kind | ch | latter | lis | life | lif |
| kindest | cen | laugh | lf | light | lu |
| kindly | ce- | laundry | line | like | $l c$ |
| kindness | cens | law | $\ell^{\prime}$ | likelihood | $l c_{3}$ |
| king | $c$ | lay | $l^{\prime}$ | 1ikely | $l c-$ |
| kiss | cs | lazy | lge | limit | $\ell \cdot d$ |
| kitchen | cen | lead | led | line | len |
| knew | $n$ | learn | lrn | lines | lin |
| know | $n$, | lease | les | link | lc |
| knowing | $n$ | least | les | list | l.s |
| knowledge | $n, y$ | leather | lts | listed | l-s |
| known | $n \mathrm{n}$ | leave | lev | listen | lisn |
| labor | l's | leaves | lev | lit | lid |




| nevertheless | nols | numbers | nebr | omitted | , |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| new | $n$ | numerous | n-ms | on | , $n$ |
| news | $n$ | nurse | nes | once | /n |
| newspaper | nsppr | nut | nes | one | n |
| next | nx | object | , bo | one half | $\frac{1}{2}$ |
| nice | nes | objection | , bye | only | , $n$ - |
| niece | nes | obligation | , blg, | open | , pn |
| night | nel | oblige | , bl | opening | ,pre |
| nine | 9 | obliged | , bl | operate | , prit |
| no | $n$, | observe | , ograr | operation | , pr |
| noble | n,bl | obtain | , ben | opinion | , proyn |
| nobody | n,bde | obtained | , Ln | opportunity | , pr |
| noise | niq. | occasion | ,$c_{1}$ | opposite | , pigl |
| none | nen | occasional | ,$c^{C l}$ | or | , $n$ |
| noon | non | occupied | cpe | orange | , 4 |
| nor | no | occur | , | orchestra | , ncor' |
| normal | n, l | o'clock | , clc | order | $R$ |
| north | nert | October | ,$c_{v}$ | ordered | R |
| northern | neten | odd | , d | orders | $R$ |
| nose | $n, q$ | Of | $\checkmark$ | ordinary | , Rnire |
| not | $n$ | off | $\text { , } f$ | organizatio | n, 29 |
| notation | $n, 1$ | offer | , fr | organized | ,rq, |
| note | n, | offered | , | original | ,rynl |
| noted | ne | office | , is | other | $\bigcirc$ |
| notes | nel | officer | iss | others | $\bigcirc$ |
|  |  |  | , fer |  |  |
| nothing | $n$ | offices | , is | otherwise | Op |
| notice | nils | official | , fisl | ought | ,l |
| notify | n, ${ }^{\text {n }}$ | often | , fn | our | $\bigcirc$ |
| notion | $n$ | oh |  | ourselves | Os |
|  | n | oil | il |  |  |
| November | nev | 0 Oil | $U$ | out | 0 |
| now | no | O. K. or okay | O, $k$ | outcome | $\sigma$ |
| number | $n \mathrm{br}$ | old | , ld | outfit | ofl |

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| pleased | $p l q$ | potatoes | plun | principle | pron |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| pleasure | plos | poultry | pllre | print | pros |
| plenty | ples | pound | pos | printed | prin |
| plus | pls | power | por | prior | $\rho, n$ |
| pocket | $\mathrm{P}, \mathrm{Cl}$ | practical | pric | private | pout |
| poem | P | practice | pricis | privilege | priv |
| poet | $p_{1}$ | praise | próg | prize | prup |
| poetry | plre | pray | pro | probable | publ |
| point | pin | prayer | pons | probably | plb- |
| points | pin | precious | pos | problem | pll |
| policy | plise | prefer | pfr | proceed | psed |
| politic | p,ilc | preliminary | plinse | process | $p$ p |
| political | pilch | premium | $p-y$ | procure | pcr |
| poor | por | prepaid | ppd | produce | $p \mathrm{ds}$ |
| popular | spels | prepare | $\rho p^{\prime}$ | product | $p d e$ |
| population | ppl | prepared | ppr | professor | pfor |
| porch | p,re | prescribe | pS | profit | pfe |
| portion | P! | presence | pan | profitable | pfubl |
| position | P | present | pz | program | $p q$ |
| positive | pits | president | pad | progress | pgrs |
| positively | psior | press | prs | project | pزc |
| possess | P, 9 | pressure | $p \nsim$ P | promise | $\rho$ is |
| possesses | p,of | presume | ps | prompt | prel |
| possession | $p, q_{1}$ | pretty | ple | promptly | pre- |
| possibility | p, 3 | prevailing | pu'l | proof | prf |
| possible | pobl | prevent | pro | proper | ppr |
| possibly | pst- | previous | pvo | properly | ppr- |
| post | P | price | pres | property | pprle |
| postage | P | prices | pres | proportion | ppir |
| postal | Pl | pride | pred | propose | pp, 9 |
| post office | P | primary | $p \rightarrow$ | proposition | $\rho P$ |
| postpone | Pp,n | principal | pron | prospect | $\rho s c$ |


| protect | plc | rag | riq | recently | res - |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| proud | prod | railroad | r | reception | resp |
| prove | prov | railway | N | recognize | rec, |
| provide | purd | raiment | nm | recommend |  |
| psychological | suclel | rain | s'n | record | rct rech |
| psychology | sucl | raise | rig | records | rch/reck |
| public | pblic | ran | sin | recovered | recru |
| publish | pbls | range | rij | red | nd |
| pull | pl | rapidly | red | reduce | reds |
| pump | P-p | rate | rul | reduction | rede, |
| pupil | ppl | rather | rits | refer | refr |
| purchase | pes | ratification | rifo | reference | refin |
| purchased | $p \in s$ | ratify | ruf | referred | refr |
| pure | pr | raw | $n^{\prime}$ | referring | refr |
| purpose | pps | reach | ree | refund | ref |
| pursue | ps | reached | ree | refuse | refor |
| put | $p$, | read | sed nd | refute | reft |
| quality | gl | readily | nd- | regard | re |
| quantity | qn | reading | red | regarding | re |
| quarter | qer | ready | rode | regardless | rels |
| queer | ger | real | nel | register | ryir |
| question | g | realize | relup | regret | regre |
| questions | q | really | re- | regular | rgh |
| quick | $g \mathrm{gc}$ | rear | res | regulate | riqu |
| quiet | gel | reason | regn | regulations | rqu |
| quit | ql | reasonable | regrel | relation | rel |
| quite | qu | recall | recl | relations | rel |
| quotation | $q, 1$ | receipt | resel | relative | rew |
| quote | $q$, | receive | resev | release | reles |
| quoted | q, | received | resev | reliable | relibl |
| race | ris | receiving | resen | relief | relef |
| radio | ride, | recent | res | religious | reljs |


| remain | re 'n | respectfully | ns | roommate | n- |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| remainder | re, | response | resn | rose | 1,9 |
| remark | re 'rc | responsibility | resn | rough | nf |
| remarkable | re 'ribl | responsible | resnbl | round | no |
| remember | remm | rest | ns | route | rel |
| remind | rem | result | regll | row | n, Mo |
| remit | ne.l | results | regld | rub | rb |
| remittance | re $\ln$ | retail | rell | rubber | rbr |
| removed | res | retain | reln | rug | ra |
| render | ru | retract | relrc | rule | r |
| renewal | rene | retreat | relrel | rules | ne |
| rent | $\Omega$ | retrieve | relrev | run | Mn |
| repair | repor | return | redrn | rush | NA |
| repeat | repel | returned | relrn | sacrifice | s'crifes |
| replace | repl's | returning | relsn | sad | s'd |
| reply | reple | reverse | nevas | safe | s'f |
| replying | reple | review | rev | said | sd |
| report | rept | revised | revrq | sake | $s^{\prime}$ |
| reports | repe | rich | ric | salary | s'l'e |
| represent | rp | rid | rid | sale | s'l |
| representative | ruplv | ride | red | sales | s'l |
| reputation | rps | right | ru | salesman | s'ls |
| request | regs | ring | 几 | salesmen | sils n |
| requested | reqs | rip | rop | same | $s^{\prime}$ |
| requesting | regr | rise | req | sample | s,pl |
| require | requr | risk | ris | samples | s,pl |
| required | requs | river | riv | sat | $s^{\prime}$ |
| requirement | regerm | road | n,d | satisfaction | sls |
| requirements | requrm | rock | M, | satisfactorily | sls- |
| reserve | regres | roll | 几, | satisfactory | sls |
| resolution | nol | roof | r | satisfied | sls |
| respect | Ms | room | $r$ | satisfy | sls |






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SUMMARY OF PRINCIPLES

| Sounds or Sound Combinations | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Pre- } \\ & \text { fix } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Suf- } \\ & \text { fix } \end{aligned}$ | Letter <br> Group | Expressed by | Illustrations |  | Page Ref. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| a |  |  |  | , | ache | ' | 2 |
| ad | x |  |  | a | adverse | Aves | 34 |
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| b |  |  |  | b | bay | b' | 7 |
| bility |  | x |  | $\beta$ | feasibility | 1 FB | 60 |
| c (hard) |  |  |  | c | acre | dicr | 3 |
| c (soft) |  |  |  | S | race | n's | 2 |
| cess | x | x | x | 2 | recess | re? | 14 |
| ch |  |  | x | $\epsilon$ | chase | - ${ }^{\text {c }}$ | 7 |
| circu | x |  |  | $C$ (disjoined) | circulate | Cll | 71 |
| circum | x |  |  | $C$ (disjoined) | circumvent | Cv | 71 |
| cis | x | x | x | 2 | criticism | crip | 14 |
| citis |  | x |  | $\varnothing$ (disjoined) | appendicitis | ¢ | 65 |
| city |  | x |  | 8 (disjoined) | felicity | cls | 71 |
| con | x |  |  | C | convey | ${ }^{\text {cru' }}$ | 44 |
| contr | x |  |  | $k$ | contradict | $r d e$ | 50 |
| coun | x |  |  | C | county | Cle | 44 |
| ct (ending) |  |  | x | c | convict | Cue | 38 |
| d |  |  |  | d | delay | dl' | 2 |
| des | x |  |  | $\theta$ | destination | Den | 54 |
| dis | x |  |  | $\theta$ | discuss | Des | 54 |
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| encl | x |  |  | $\Delta$ | enclose | d | 38 |
| ever | x | x |  | $\checkmark$ (disjoined) | whenever | nlt | 14 |
| every | x | x |  | $\checkmark$ (disjoined) | everybody | $\checkmark$ bde | 14 |
| ex | x |  |  | 1 | expect | bec | 38 |
| extra | x |  |  | $x$ | extreme |  | 63 |
| f |  |  |  | 6 | fee |  | 2 |
| fication |  | x |  | / (disjoined) | ratification | sil | 70 |
| for | x |  |  | \% (disjoined) | foreign | $\mathrm{hn}^{\prime}$ | 19 |
| fur | x |  |  | / ${ }^{\text {(disjoined) }}$ | furnace | /ns | 19 |
| g (hard) |  |  |  |  | gay | 9' | 7 |
| g (soft) |  |  |  | \% (undotted) | large | $\mathrm{CHy}^{2}$ | 7 |
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SUMMARY OF PRINCIPLES

| Sounds or Sound Combinations | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Pre- } \\ & \text { fix } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Suf- } \\ & \text { fix } \end{aligned}$ | Letter Group | Expressed by | Illustrations | Page Ref. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| i (short) |  |  |  |  | trick lic | 4 |
| ify |  | x |  | (disjoined) | ratify rilf | 59 |
| im | x |  |  | 0. | impress prs | 50 |
| in | x |  |  | $n$ | insight nod | 15 |
| incl | x |  |  | 0 | include Ad | 38 |
| ing |  | x | x |  | including Ad | 11 |
| instr | x |  |  | $n$ (disjoined) | instrument $n / m$ | 69 |
| itis |  | x |  | $\triangle$ (disjoined) | tonsillitis Unsl | 65 |
| j |  |  |  | 1 (undotted) | just f | 7 |
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| 1 |  |  |  | l | laugh ll | 2 |
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| liter | x |  |  |  | literal Ll | 63 |
| logical |  | x |  | ld (disjoined) | biological belel | 63 |
| logy |  | x |  | $\ell$ (disjoined) | geology yel | 63 |
| ly |  | x |  | - (disjoined) | lonely ln - | 7 |
| m |  |  |  | - | maintain ulin | 3 |
| ment | x | x |  | $m$ | mental $m \ell$ comment $\leqslant m$ | 33 |
| n |  |  |  | $n$ | neighbor ribs | 2 |
| nc |  |  | x | $c$ | rancor ser | 33 |
| nce |  |  | x | $n$ (disjoined) | reference sefrn | 30 |
| nd |  |  | x | $\rightarrow$ | fund | 25 |
| ng |  |  | x | $\sim$ | rung | 11 |
| nge |  |  | x | j (dotted) | range $\sim_{\sim}^{\prime}$ | 8 |
| nity |  |  | x | On(disjoined) | vicinity zish | 69 |
| nk |  |  | x | $\bigcirc$ | bank ber | 33 |
| nse |  |  | x | $n$ (disjoined) | dense $d r$ | 30 |
| nt |  |  | x | $\bigcirc$ | enter $\sim$ | 25 |
| $\bigcirc$ |  |  |  |  | dough d, | 2 |
| oi- |  |  | x | $i$ (dotted) | choice Eis | 24 |
| 00 |  |  | x | $\checkmark$ | room | 2 |
| other | x | x |  | 0 | otherwise ON | 25 |
| ou |  |  | x | 0 | bough bo | 8 |
| out | x | x |  | 0 | outcome or without to | 26 |
| over | x | x |  | 0 | overdue Cld. | 25 |
| ow |  |  | x | 0 | how o | 8 |
| ox | x |  |  | 1 | oxygen 1 | 38 |
| oy |  |  |  | $i$ (dotted) | boy Lr | 24 |
| p |  |  |  | $\rho$ | point pis | 2 |
| per | x |  |  | $\rho$ (disjoined) | person pon | 19 |
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| post | x | x |  | P | postpone Pon | 70 |
| pri | x |  |  | $\rho$ (disjoined) | private pil | 19 |
| pre | x |  |  | $p$ (disjoined) | prepare ppir | 19 |
| pro | x |  |  | $\rho_{\rho}$ (disjoined) | proceed psed | 19 |

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| Sounds or Sound Combinations | Pre- <br> fix | Suf- <br> fix | Letter Group | Expressed by | Illustrations | Page Ref. |
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| pur | x |  |  | $\rho$ (disjoined) | purpose $\rho$ ps | 19 |
| q |  |  |  | e | quick pic | 29 |
| qu |  |  | x | e | quest qs | 29 |
| r |  |  |  | 12 | reign rin | 3 |
| rd |  |  | x | P | afford 'pe | 15 |
| rity |  | x |  | $\mathcal{R}$ (disjoined) | alacrity ilcp | 70 |
| rt |  |  | x | P | alert 'lp | 15 |
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| s (soft) |  |  |  | Is | case ćb | 2 |
| scribe |  | x |  | 5 | inscribe 125 | 59 |
| script |  | x |  | $S$ | transcript TS | 59 |
| self | x | x |  | s (disjoined) | selfish s\& myself $\sim 0$ | 65 |
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| sion |  | x |  | (disjoined) | division dv | 39 |
| sis | x | x | x | 12 | basis b' | 14 |
| sity |  | x |  | If(disjoined) | diversity dhors | 71 |
| sp |  |  | x | 5 | special sol | 55 |
| st |  |  | x | 8 | conquest CqS | 24 |
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| z |  |  |  | 17 | zone gon | 11 |


| ABBREVIATED WORDS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| a | , | do | $d$ | letter |  | remember | res |
| about |  | doctor | $d_{2}$ | like |  | epresent | תp |
| accept | cop | dollar | 8 | likelihood | ) | representat | splv |
| cknowledge |  | dollar | 8 | mak |  | respect | Is |
| d | $a$ | doubt |  | m | 7 | respectfully | 2s |
| dd | $a$ | ach |  | memorandum | - | satisfaction | 号 |
| ministration | n ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | nclose | 0 | merchandise | -re | satisfactory | sts |
| dministrative | O $a_{n}$ | enough | r | Mr. | $-2$ | satisfy | slo |
| advertise | Ams | err | R | Mrs. | - | secretary | sec |
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| ago | '9 | every | $V$ | neglect | neq | shortage | A |
| agree | r | except | lep | never |  | side | se |
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